Calhoun County Stormwater Study Final Report



South Carolina Office of Resilience

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1.0 Introduction

Calhoun County (County) is located in central South Carolina and is bordered by the Congaree River to the northeast and Lake Marion to the southeast. Calhoun has a recorded population of 14,119 according to the 2020 census. Over the years, flooding from relatively minor storm events has been a challenge to many areas of the County. Rain events can flood roadways – causing them to become impassable - and even damage homes and businesses.

In an effort to combat this challenge, the South Carolina Office of Resilience (SCOR) contracted with Kimley-Horn and Associates (KHA) in March 2023 to perform a Comprehensive Stormwater Study to identify flooding issues, conduct an assessment of the existing stormwater system, develop and prioritize projects, and establish an implementation strategy for the identified projects.

This report documents the details of the Final Comprehensive Stormwater Study for Calhoun County, SC which included the following tasks:

- Data Gathering and Historic Flooding Information,
- Field Data Collection
- Existing and Future Conditions Analysis,
- Alternatives Analysis, and
- Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Assessment and Project Recommendations.

2.0 Historic Flooding and Drainage Issues

2.1 FEMA Flood Risk Report (December 2017)

According to FEMA's Flood Risk Report (FRR) for the Congaree Watershed and Richland County, South Carolina (FRR 03050110), published in 2017, there have been eleven (11) past Federal Disaster Declarations for flooding in Calhoun County. The FRR identifies seven (7) at risk essential facilities and forty-seven (47) dams as areas of mitigation interest in Calhoun County within the Congaree Watershed. These areas of mitigation interest identify target areas and potential projects for flood hazard mitigation and are shown in **Figure 1**.

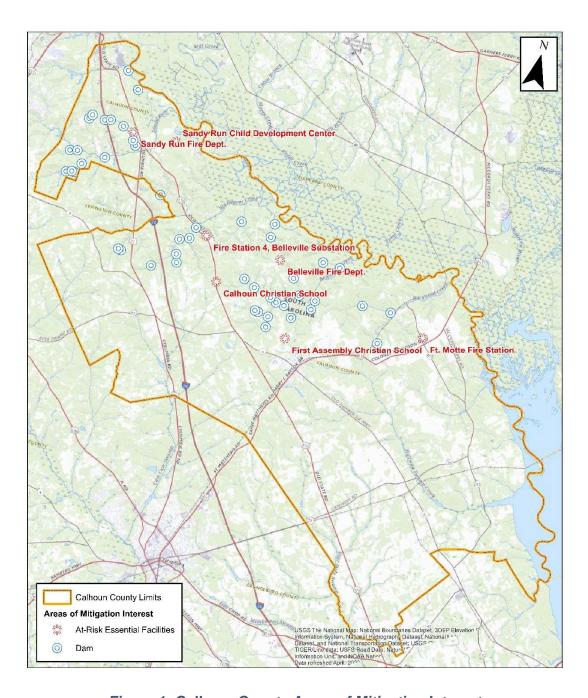


Figure 1: Calhoun County Areas of Mitigation Interest

2.2 Calhoun County Hazard Mitigation Plan (September 2020)

The Lower Savannah Council of Governments prepared the Calhoun County Hazard Mitigation Plan in 2020, as required in order for the county to remain eligible for FEMA mitigation grant funding.

This hazard mitigation plan identified thirteen (13) major flooding events in Calhoun County between 1950 and 2019, which equates to an 18.8% chance of a flood occurring each year within the county. **Table A** outlines these historic flooding occurrences. Of the major flooding events, three (3) occurred in the Town of St. Matthews and two (2) occurred in the Town of

Cameron, equating to a 4.3% and 2.8% chance of a flood occurring in the towns each year, respectively. The remaining eight (8) flooding events occurred in unincorporated areas of the county, yielding an 8.6% chance of a flood occurring.

No repetitive losses of property have been recorded for Calhoun County through the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). Repetitive loss properties are defined as having two or more losses of at least \$1,000 each within any 10-year period.

Table A: Historic Occurrences of Flooding in Calhoun County

Date	Location	Туре	Description
October 8, 2016	Unincorporated Area of County	Flash Flooding	 Heavy rainfall due to Hurricane Matthew. SCHP reported portion of Old State Rd. washed out.
October 8, 2016	Unincorporated Area of County	Flash Flooding	 Heavy rainfall due to Hurricane Matthew. SCHP reported roadway washed out on Good Hope Rd and Stump Hole Rd. flooded.
June 5, 2016	Unincorporated Area of County	Flooding	 Heavy rainfall due to stalled cold front. Reported flooding along Hwy 21 and Burke Rd.
October 4, 2015	Unincorporated Area of County	Flash Flooding	 Heavy rainfall in the Midlands and Pee Dee. Numerous Dams breached with bridge and roadways flooded. SCHP reported flooding on I-26 at mile marker 124.
October 3, 2015	St. Matthews	Flash Flooding	 Heavy rainfall in the Midlands and Pee Dee. Numerous Dams breached with bridge and roadways flooded. Several roads closed on portions of Hwy 6 between St. Matthews and Elloree.
June 25, 2014	Cameron	Flash Flooding	 Heavy rainfall was not able to drain due to I-26 road construction sediment Significantly slowed traffic Urban and small stream flood advisory issued by the NWS in Columbia
August 21, 2013	Cameron	Flooding	 3 feet of water reported at the intersection of S.C. Highway 6 and S.C. 33 Several homes flooded and vehicles stranded in various locations Some roads blocked, rerouting vehicles
May 6, 2013	Unincorporated Area of County	Flooding	 Several gage points along rivers in SC went above flood stage due to 2-4 inches of rainfall Most flooding was confined to low lying areas, but some areas have

Date	Location	Type	Description
			some minor flooding issues with recreation and other areas The Congaree River at Carolina Eastman was over 5.7 feet over flood stage Minor flooding along the river at the plant occurred Total property damage for Calhoun County: \$2K
September 7, 2004	Unincorporated Area of County	Flash Flooding	- Secondary roads flooded with some closures reported by the Sheriff's Department
June 16, 2001	St. Matthews	Flash Flooding	 SCDOT reported SC Highways 24 and 25 flooded north of St. Matthews
October 5, 1995	St. Matthews	Flooding	 Flooding reported in St. Matthews, no further details or damages were given
January 7, 1995	Unincorporated Area of County	Flooding	 Low lying areas of Calhoun County affected by excessive amounts of rainfall Many flooded streets and roads reported Estimated damage for Calhoun County: \$1K
October 13, 1994	Statewide	Flash Flooding	 All Counties within SC were given flash flood warnings Total property Damage for state: \$2M Total crop damage for state: \$8K

Source: Calhoun County Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan (Lower Savannah Council of Government

2.3 Town of Cameron - Stormwater Drainage Study (Florence & Hutcheson, May 2013)

In 2013, Florence and Hutcheson performed an existing conditions analysis of flooding issues within the Town of Cameron. Five (5) areas of primary concern were identified for the purposes of the analysis and are outlined in **Table B**.

Table B: Areas of Primary Concern within the Town of Cameron

Location	Issue	Description
Old Orangeburg Road (S-53)	Storm Sewer System	 Existing drainage system is in poor condition with multiple pipes placed on insufficient slope Backwater along Tributary No. 1 impacts the capacity of the system
Intersection of Old State Road (US-176) and Cameron Road (SC-33)	Storm Sewer System	 Existing drainage system is in poor condition with multiple pipes placed on insufficient slope Backwater along Tributary No. 1 impacts the capacity of the system
Boyce Lawton Drive (S-8)	Culvert Crossing	Crossings of N. Boyce Lawton Drive and CSX Railroad with Tributary No. 1 are undersized with heavy sedimentation resulting in backwater along the roadway

Location	Issue	Description
Third Street (S-321)	Storm Sewer System	 Existing drainage system is in poor condition and at minimum, requires maintenance and cleaning An existing pipe inlet has been damaged, reducing the capacity of the system
Orange Street (S-115)	Backwater	Flooding attributed to the backwater produced along Tributary No. 1 from the N. Boyce Lawton Drive and CSX Railroad crossings

Source: Stormwater Drainage Study for the Town of Cameron, South Carolina in Calhoun County, South Carolina

2.4 Public Reported Drainage Issues

Public involvement was one of the primary focuses of the project. A detailed public involvement and outreach plan was developed that included an online questionnaire/survey, mailers, and two public meetings, one in St. Matthews and one in Sandy Run. The public meetings were organized as drop-in sessions located at Sandy Run Community Center on June 12th, 2023 and at St. Matthews Municipal Court House on June 20th, 2023. The questionnaire/survey asked for information regarding history, frequency, location, and severity of flooding and erosion that has occurred on their property, within the neighborhood on neighboring properties, and roads. Fifteen issues were reported via the questionnaire, and 25 total areas were identified as having issues either by a recorded survey, mentioned as an accompaniment with a recorded survey, or discussed at the public meeting. A summary of drainage issues collected from the public meetings and surveys are listed in **Table C**.

Table C: Public Reported Drainage Issues

Label	Location	Reported By	Issue
1			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Sink Holes, Drains in Need of Repair
2			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Sink Holes, Stream/Ditch Blockage
3			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Flooded Streets
4			Flooded Crossing
5			Soil Erosion, Pipe Blockage, Drains in Need of Repair
6			Soil Erosion, Pipe Blockage
7			Flooded Crossing
8			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Pipe Blockage, Stream/Ditch Blockage
9			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Sink Holes, Stream/Ditch Blockage, Drains in Need of Repair
10			Flooded Property
11			Flooded Ditch

Label	Location	Reported By	Issue
12			Flooded Ditches
13			Flooded Property, Pipe Blockage, Drains in Need of Repair
14			Soil Erosion, Flooded Streets, Pipe Blockage, Stream/Ditch Blockage, Drains in Need of Repair
15			Flooded Street
16			Flooded Property
17			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Flooded Streets, Stream/Ditch Blockage
18			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Stream/Ditch Blockage
19			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Flooded Streets, Grate Blockage
20			Washout Behind House
21			Soil Erosion, Flooded Property, Flooded Streets
22			Minor Flooding
23			Flooded Crossing
24			Flooded Property, Flooded Streets, Drainage from Neighboring Property
25			Flooded Crossing, Road Closure during Flood

2.5 SCDOT Transportation Improvement Projects

The South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) has implemented a 10-year plan to repair and rebuild South Carolina's transportation system. This plan is expected to include replacing half of SCDOT's 750 structurally deficient bridges, resurfacing or rebuilding half of SCDOT's 42,000 miles of state highways, and begin 11 or 12 interstate widening projects. Projects that have been identified within Calhoun County so far are outlined in **Table D**.

Table D: Current and Planned SCDOT Transportation Improvement Projects

Route	Project Name	Construction Year	Category	Project Status
SC172	SC 172 (Bull Swamp Rd) Bridge Replacement over Caw Caw Swamp	' ' ' ///////////////////////////////		Design/ Development
S-158	S-158 (Community Club Rd) Bridge over Hungerpiller Pond (DR-4241)	2018	Eliminate Closed & Load Restricted Bridges	N/A
US 601	US 601 from near SC 267 (McCords Ferry Rd.) to Calhoun/Richland County Line	TBD	Improve Rural Road Safety	N/A

Route	Project Name	Construction Year	Category	Project Status
SC6	SC 6 from near SC 33 (Cameron Rd.) to Calhoun/Orangeburg County Line	TBD	Improve Rural Road Safety	N/A
SC6, US21, SC172	Intersection Improvement US 21 (Columbia Rd) / SC 172 (Bull Swamp Rd)/SC 6 (Caw Caw Hwy)	2025	Safety Improvement	Design/ Development
I-26	I-26 Corridor Improvement from Exit 125 Old Sandy Run Road to Exit 136	2023	Corridor Improvement	Design/ Development
I-26	I-26 Corridor Improvement from near Exit 136 to Exit 145 (Phase 2)	2024	Corridor Improvement	Design/ Development
S-41	Calhoun CTC-contribution to future COG Safety Project realignment of Sonntag Dr. & Valley Ridge Rd. Inter.	2021	Intersection Improvement	Design/ Development
S-233	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-15	2023 FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-176	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-126	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-90	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
US176	2023 Primary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-245	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-52	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-101	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-129	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-402	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-326	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-206	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-229	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-66	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-67	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-165	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-210	2023 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction

Route	Project Name	Construction Year	Category	Project Status
S-408	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program (Add'l 2022 NFA Funding)	2022	Rehabilitation	Design/ Development
S-407	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program (Add'l 2022 NFA Funding)	2022	Rehabilitation	Design/ Development
S-280	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
SC6	2023 Primary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-451	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
US21	2023 Primary Pavement Improvement Program	2022	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-449	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-16	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-190	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-191	2022 Non-FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
S-29	2022 FA Secondary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction
SC172	2022 Primary Pavement Improvement Program	2021	Rehabilitation	Construction

Source: SCDOT 10 Year Plan Project Information Resource and SCDOT Interactive Programmed Projects Viewer

3.0 Field Survey, Methodology, and Assumptions

3.1 Sub-Watershed Delineation

Based on established areas of interest, public input, and 2018 USGS LiDAR of Calhoun County, the County was divided into fourteen (14) sub-watersheds and each terminate at a unique outfall. **Figure 2** displays the locations of the sub-watersheds. Thirteen (13) individual 2D hydraulic models were created based on the sub-watershed delineations and County boundary. **Figure 3** displays the boundaries for the 2D hydraulic models. Additional sub-basins were delineated as necessary for hydrologic and hydraulic calculations performed in certain priority areas.

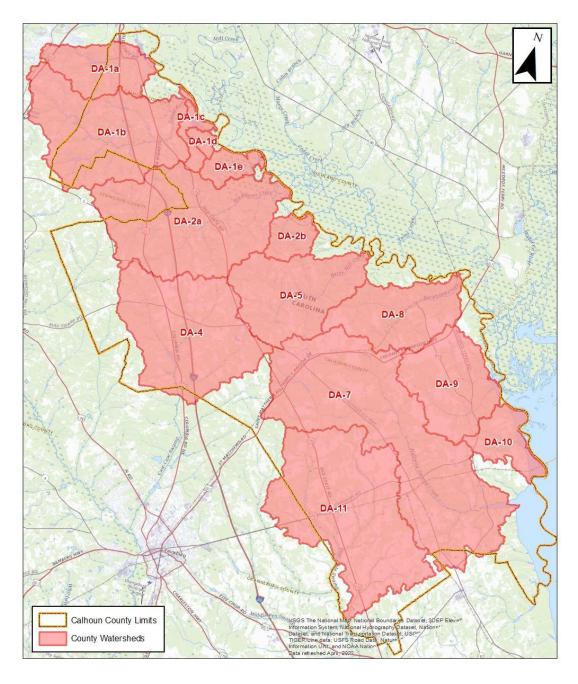


Figure 2: Calhoun County Watersheds

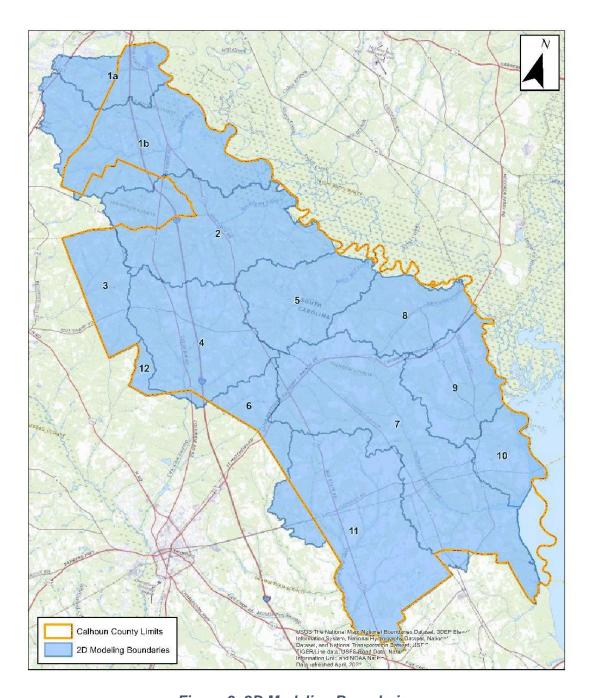


Figure 3: 2D Modeling Boundaries

3.2 Hydrology/Hydraulic Calculations

Provided Calhoun County does not currently provide stormwater design guidance, a methodology for hydrologic computations was created from Richland County and SCDOT guidelines.

The following guidelines were followed for the hydrologic analysis of the sub-basins delineated in select priority areas:

Runoff calculated by Rational Method for drainage areas up to 100 acres

- SCDOT Requirements for Hydraulic Design Studies states the Rational Method may be used for drainage areas up to 100 acres.
- Rainfall intensity-duration-frequency (IDF) curves from SCDOT, specifically the 2019 updated values cited in Hydraulic Design Bulletin No. 2019-2,
 - SCDOT rainfall intensity values are more current than NOAA Atlas 14 data and were used in accordance with the SCDOT Requirements for Hydraulic Design Studies. On average, these values differed by less than 1% from NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall values.
 - The existing conditions analysis utilized the SCS rainfall depth as shown and the future conditions analysis factored in a 20% increase to existing conditions rainfall depth per guidance from other coastal watershed studies.
- Runoff coefficients from Table 4 of the SCDOT Requirements for Hydraulic Design Studies,
- o Time of Concentration (Tc) based on TR-55 methods.
- Drainage Areas (DA) and Tc based on 2018 USGS LiDAR and supplemented with field reconnaissance and Google Maps-street view feature.
 - o DA and Tc remained the same for existing and future conditions.
- Composite rational method runoff factors were based on land cover information from the national land cover database published in 2019 by the Multi-Resolution Land Characteristics (MRLC) Consortium.
- No detention in system is assumed (e.g., no significant storage behind culverts or in pipe systems).

Existing infrastructure consists of crossings, closed systems, and open channels. Priority areas within the Towns of Cameron and Saint Matthews were surveyed between the months of June and July 2023 by SAM, LLC. The existing survey can be found in **Appendix F.** Inverts were captured for pipes along with the size and descriptions of their visual condition such as level of sediment, rust, or cracking. Rim elevations were documented for each node within known closed systems and elevation shots were taken to render a typical section of the open channels. Ditch typical sections were supplemented with survey in areas where 2018 LiDAR did not provide enough resolution. The surveyed information is compiled in an Existing Infrastructure geodatabase per SCOR guidelines and is provided with this final report.

The hydraulic modeling methodology used in this analysis is as follows:

- Closed systems were modeled in StormCAD.
- Open channels (roadside ditches) were modeled in FlowMaster.
- Pipe crossings were modeled in GeoHEC-RAS 2D v. 4.1.0.2674 (using HEC-RAS v. 6.3.1)
 - Calhoun County contains only FEMA Zone A floodplain, thus, no effective FEMA modeling was able to be used in this study.
 - 2D rain on grid methodology was used to model floodplain within Calhoun County.
 - More detail and a smaller mesh size was used in priority areas to better understand and model the extents of flooding.

- A starting cell size of 100 ft was used in overbank areas of less detail and a starting cell size of 20 ft was used in areas of more detail and along stream centerlines.
- Stream centerlines and roadway crossings were added as breaklines to the 2D mesh to refine cell geometry in these areas.
- The Manning's n value layer was based on land cover information from the national land cover database published in 2019 by the Multi-Resolution Land Characteristics (MRLC) Consortium. Standard "n" values based on land cover were based off of the "n" value ranges for various NLCD Land Cover Types described in the HEC-RAS 2D User's Manual.
- Precipitation data was entered as a hyetograph, obtained from HEC-HMS, and applied as incremental precipitation.
- o Culvert crossings were added to the 2D model as 2D Flow Area Connections.
 - Select crossings throughout the county were surveyed and added to the model in priority areas of concern.
- Due to the size of the Congaree River watershed and the lack of previous detailed modeling adjacent to Calhoun County, backwater from the Congaree River was not accounted for in the 2D model.

The results of the hydrologic analysis and surveyed information were then used to model the existing infrastructure and determine hydraulic sufficiency based on the Level of Service (LOS) guidelines specified below. Inventory and sufficiency tables for the existing infrastructure are provided in the attached tables and displayed graphically on Exhibits 3-5 in **Appendix B**.

3.3 Level of Service

A design Level of Service (LOS) was developed to determine the sufficiency of existing infrastructure within the priority areas of concern. The design (LOS) for existing conditions utilized criteria found in a neighboring county (Richland) and SCDOT guidelines. The following assumptions are made in defining the design LOS for existing conditions:

- Culverts under arterial and multi-lane collector roadways shall convey the 50-year storm event without overtopping the crown of the roadway.
- Culverts under all other roadways and driveways shall convey the 25-year event without overtopping the crown of the roadway.
 - Calhoun County is a minimally sloping area with driveways primarily matching grade with the connected roadway. Therefore, driveway pipes share the 25-year LOS guideline with local roadways provided the overtopped driveway would result in roadway flooding.
- Open channel systems shall convey the 25-year design storm event without overtopping the banks.
- Road subgrades should be 1.0 foot above the design high-water level.
- For drainage areas of 0 to 40 acres, storm drain systems and roadside ditches shall convey the 10-year storm.
- For drainage areas of 40 to 500 acres, storm drain systems and roadside ditches shall convey the 25-year storm.
- For drainage areas of 500 or more acres, storm drain systems and roadside ditches shall convey the 50-year storm.

Infrastructure was labeled sufficient if it met or exceeded LOS and insufficient if it did not meet LOS. A summary of sufficiency for the analyzed infrastructure along with a summary of crossings impacted by 100-year and 500-year flood events are shown below in **Table E** and **Table F**, respectively.

Table E: Sufficiency Summary for Analyzed Infrastructure¹

Туре	Total Length Analyzed (LF)	Total Sufficient Length (LF)	Total Analyzed Structures	Total Sufficient Structures	Sufficiency Percentage
Closed-System Pipe	5928	814	-	-	14%
Ditch	3104	3104	-	-	100%
Culvert Crossing	-	-	16	7	44%
Node ²	-	-	53	8	15%

- ¹Survey inventory of all analyzed infrastructure was completed by SAM, LLC between the months of June and July, 2023.
- ²Nodes include all closed system structures (excluding pipes) such as catch basins, inlets, junction boxes, and open ended pipes that act as transition points in the closed system.

Table F: 2D Riverine Modeling Results

Total Structures	Total Structures
Impacted by	Impacted by
100-year Flood	500-year Flood
5173	6043

According to OpenStreetMap (OSM) data, there are 50,174 buildings, or structures, within the limits of Calhoun County. Of those 50,174 structures, 5173 are impacted by the 100-year flooding extents mapped in this analysis and 6043 are impacted by the 500-year flooding extents mapped in this analysis. Project alternatives focused on addressing the structures impacted by these floodplains that were also reported as having flooding issues during the public outreach portion of this study.

4.0 Project Alternative Scoring

4.1 Summary of Alternatives

Table G below summarizes the potential alternatives developed to improve the insufficient infrastructure identified in the existing conditions hydrologic and hydraulic analysis. Potential projects and alternatives are shown on Exhibits 8-15 in **Appendix C**. Potential alternatives include:

- Improving drainage infrastructure to fully meet design standards as set out by the level of service requirements above,
- improving drainage infrastructure to meet some but not all design standards to improve the level of service.
- removing flooded infrastructure from the problem area by means of potential buyouts,
- identification of low-impact/green infrastructure projects.

Table G: Potential Project Alternatives Summary

Project ID	Project Location	Alternative Description		
1	Town of Cameron	ALT 1	Upsize 4 out of 5 culvert crossings to meet and/or exceed LOS. Upsize C-3 and grade defined channel to better convey flow and improve LOS.	
		ALT 2	Upsize C-1 and C-2 to pass larger storm events. Grade swale on north side of N Boyce Lawton Dr to redirect flow from C-3 to C-4.	
2	Town of Saint Matthews	ALT 1	Upsize all culvert crossings to meet LOS.	
	Town of Saint Watthews	ALT 2	Upsize all crossings to bridges to pass larger storm events.	
	Town of Saint Matthews	ALT 1	Upsize all culvert crossings to meet and/or exceed LOS. Grade out swale between Magnolia St and Mill St to increase capacity.	
3		ALT 2	Upsize all crossings to bridges to pass larger storm events.	
		ALT 3	Restore approximately 1640 LF of stream between Mill St and F R Huff Dr to increase channel capacity.	
4	Sandy Run	ALT 1	Upsize all pipe crossings along Old Swamp Rd to meet LOS.	
7		ALT 2	Upsize all crossings to larger boxes to pass larger storm events.	
5	Sandy Run	ALT 1	Upsize Valley Ridge Rd culvert crossing to meet LOS.	
J		ALT 2	Upsize crossing to bridge to pass larger storm events.	
6	Town of Cameron	ALT 1	Upsize Church Camp Rd culvert crossing to meet LOS.	
		ALT 2	Upsize crossing to bridge to pass 100-year storm.	
7	Calhoun County	ALT 1	Upsize St John Rd culvert crossing to pass 100-year storm.	
8	Calhoun County	ALT 1	Upsize Nate Store Rd culvert crossing to meet LOS.	
		ALT 2	Upsize crossing to bridge to pass larger storm events.	
9	Town of Cameron	ALT 1	Install approximately 1800 LF of closed-system pipe to divert flow from Cameron's closed-system.	
,		ALT 2	Upsize approximately 1240 LF of closed-system pipe to meet LOS.	
	Town of Saint Matthews/Calhoun County	ALT 1	Stormwater park on 57.6 ac lot outside of Saint Matthews	
		ALT 2	Stormwater park on 5.7 ac lot in Saint Matthews	
10		ALT 3	Stormwater park on 1 ac lot in Saint Matthews	
		ALT 4	Stormwater park on 6 ac lot in Saint Matthews	
11	Town of Saint Matthews	ALT 1	Additional watershed storage on 5 ac lot in Saint Matthews	
		ALT 2	Cistern for storage of runoff to be reused onsite at Calhoun County Public Schools Administrative Office	
12	Calhoun County	ALT 1	Potential buyouts in Congaree River floodplain	

In addition to the riverine and closed-system infrastructure alternatives detailed above in Projects 1-9, Projects 10 and 11 consider low-impact/green infrastructure alternatives to alleviate flooding. Only publicly owned parcels were identified as opportunities. Five parcels were identified within the town limits of Saint Matthews that show potential for cisterns, dry detention, or stormwater parks. One parcel identified just outside the town limits of Saint Matthews shows potential for additional watershed storage by means of dry detention, a stormwater park, or potential reroute of area draining to Antley Spring Branch. Parcels identified

as "Low Impact Development Opportunities" are shown on Exhibit 16 in Appendix C.

The "Potential Buyout" alternatives considered for Project 12 involve purchasing properties subject to high levels of flooding from the Congaree River to remove flooded infrastructure from the floodplain. Properties identified as Potential Buyouts are shown on Exhibits 17 and 18 in **Appendix C**.

4.2 Opinions of Probable Construction Cost (OPCC)

For each alternative, Kimley-Horn developed an Opinion of Probable Cost (OPCC) which included construction, planning, design, and construction management costs. Easement cost was based on 10% of the construction costs subtotal. These estimates are based on conceptual designs, with limited to no survey or geotechnical information. Cost estimates are shown in 2023 dollars and adjustment for inflation should be accounted for based on implementation of projects. Detailed OPCC calculations for each project alternative can be found in **Appendix D.**

4.3 Low to Moderate Income (LMI) Communities Assessment

Communities, as defined by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), are smaller zones within a county determined by the Census Bureau and commonly referred to as tracts. Tracts are typically made up of about 1,200 to 8,000 people. The boundaries are set and can be found on many government maps. The Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) establishes a "low-income community" to be a tract where the median family income is of less than 50% of the area median income. A moderate-income community means that the median family income is at least 50% and less than 80% of the area median income.

Four tracts make up Calhoun County within the Columbia, SC Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) estimated 2023 median family income for this MSA is \$83,300. Sandy Run is located in tract 17900-45-017-9501.00 (MSA Code-State Code-County Code-Tract Code) which has an estimated 2023 median family income of \$98,694. This classifies the tract as "middle-income," meaning the median family income is at least 80% and less than 120% of the median area income. The Town of Saint Matthews is split between tracts 17900-45-017-9502.01 and 17900-45-017-9502.02, where 2023 estimated median family incomes are \$72,263 and \$69,830, respectively, classifying these tracts as middle-income as well. The Town of Cameron is located within tract 17900-45-017-9504.00, where the 2023 estimated median family income is \$60,717, classifying it as "moderate-income". With this metric, projects implemented within the Town of Cameron could be eligible to receive other sources of funding such as from the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program.

Tracts can further be broken down into block groups which according to the US Census, generally contain between 600 and 3,000 people. **Figure 4** displays the different tracts and block groups that make up Calhoun County. The Department of Housing and Urban Development has published data for "Low to Moderate Income Population by Block Group" that provides the percentage of Low- and Moderate-income persons for each area. **Table H** below summarizes the percentage of the population that are identified as LMI in block groups containing potential projects. This value was used in the scoring process further detailed below to rank projects based on their positive impacts within LMI groups.

Table H: LMI Percent Served by Project

Project	Location	Block Group	Tract	LMI % Served	
1	Town of Cameron	4	9504	52%	
2	Saint Matthews	2 and 4	9502	58%	
3	Saint Matthews	3	9502	39%	
4	Sandy Run	1	9501	41%	
5	Sandy Run	1	9501	41%	
6	Calhoun County	4	9504	52%	
7	Calhoun County	4	9504	52%	
8	Calhoun County	3	9504	45%	
9	Town of Cameron	4	9504	52%	

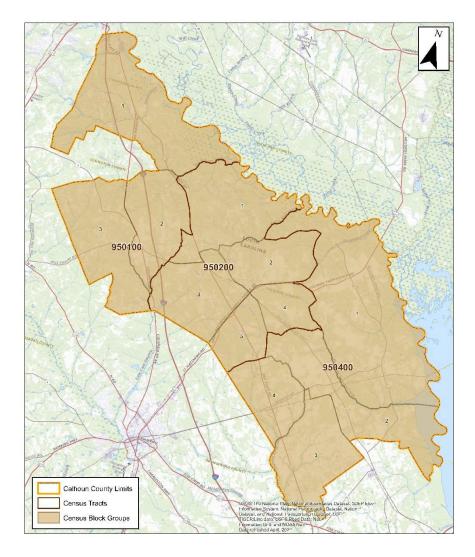


Figure 4: Calhoun County Census Divides

4.4 Scoring Matrix

A scoring matrix was created to evaluate alternatives beyond their associated cost such as community impact and flood mitigation. Descriptions of the scoring methodology are provided below along with an example of the scoring matrix. Scoring matrices for each project alternative are provided in **Appendix D**.

- Permitting, Scheduling, and Easements
 - Definition: The extent of state or federal regulatory approvals that will be required along with the extent of land that will need to be acquired for the implementation of the alternative. Land acquisitions could include public or private property and require standard easements for infrastructure or entire parcels.
 - Measurement: Qualitative
 - Scoring: More points were awarded to alternatives not expected to require permits or extensive easements, fewer points were awarded to alternatives that require complex and extensive permitting or that require land acquisition from private landowners
- Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served
 - Definition: Percent of Low- and Moderate-Income census block groups served by the alternative
 - Measurement: Quantitative
 - Scoring: Alternatives were ranked based on their level of positive impacts within LMI groups
- Level of Flood Risk Reduction
 - Definition: The extent to which a project alternative improved, met, or exceeded the required level of service
 - o **Measurement:** Qualitative
 - Scoring: Highest scores were given to alternatives that exceeded level of service requirements
- Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction
 - Definition: A measure of structures removed from the 100-year floodplain as a result of the project alternative
 - Measurement: Quantitative
 - Scoring: Highest scores were given to alternatives that removed over 25 structures from the floodplain, lowest scores were given to the alternatives that removed less than 10 structures from the floodplain
- Mobility Improvement
 - Definition: The extent of improved access to roads as exit routes during large storm events
 - Measurement: Qualitative
 - Scoring: Highest scores were given to alternatives that fully cleared one or more roads during a 100-year storm, lowest scores were given to alternatives that did not accomplish the clearing of any roads
- Operation and Maintenance (O&M)
 - Definition: O&M requirements of the alterative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure
 - o **Measurement:** Qualitative

- Scoring: More points were awarded to alternatives with typical maintenance procedures and sufficient access, fewer points were awarded to alternatives with significant maintenance burdens and/or difficult access
- Project Synergies
 - Definition: The extent of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in proximity
 - o Measurement: Qualitative
 - Scoring: More points were given to projects with high mutual benefits or shared costs of implementation, fewer points were given to projects with no mutual benefit or interaction with other projects

4.5 Summary of Scoring

Table I below summarizes the scores determined using the scoring matrix along with probable costs associated with Projects 1-9. Given the parameters of the scoring matrix, Projects 10-12, which were identified as low-impact/green infrastructure or potential buyout alternatives, were not scored. The costs associated with potential buyout alternatives can be estimated by their most recent appraisal value, adjusted for inflation. Low-impact/green infrastructure alternatives were identified based on publicly owned parcels in proximity to the floodplain. Benefits and costs associated with low-impact/green infrastructure alternatives should be determined based on more detailed design and feasibility study.

Table I: Summary of Scoring and Project Costs

Project	Alternative	Project Score (out of 100)	OPCC
1	1	60	\$ 1,382,800.00
'	2	66	\$ 1,123,600.00
2	1	60	\$ 1,088,800.00
	2	66	\$ 510,000.00
	1	60	\$ 1,238,000.00
3	2	66	\$ 575,000.00
	3	65	\$ 330,700.00
4	1	62	\$ 455,800.00
4	2	72	\$ 731,500.00
5	1	58	\$ 263,600.00
3	2	65	\$ 141,800.00
6	1	57	\$ 354,800.00
0	2	64	\$ 158,300.00
7	1	72	\$ 556,900.00
8	1	64	\$ 228,000.00
0	2	65	\$ 155,900.00
9	1	52	\$ 864,400.00
Э	2	68	\$ 1,065,800.00

A risk assessment was conducted for each project alternative based on anticipated permitting or project difficulties, cost of implementation, and potential for public scrutiny. It was assumed that

project alternatives with an OPCC over \$500,000 were considered "High Cost". **Table J** below summarizes the level of risk associated with each project alternative.

Table J: Potential Project Alternatives Summary

Project	Project Location	Alternative	Significant Permitting Requirements	High Cost or Large Scale	High Level of Public Scrutiny	Risk Level
1	Town of Cameron	1	Х	Х		Moderate
		2	Х	Х		Moderate
0	Town of Saint Matthews	1		Х	Х	Moderate
2		2		Х	Х	Moderate
	Town of Saint Matthews	1	Χ	Х	Х	High
3		2	Χ	Х	Х	High
		3	Х			Moderate
4	Sandy Run	1	Χ			Moderate
4		2	Х	Х		Moderate
_	Sandy Run	1				Low
5		2				Low
,	Town of Cameron	1	Χ			Moderate
6		2	Х			Moderate
7	Calhoun County	1				Low
0	Calhoun County	1				Low
8		2				Low
-	Town of Cameron	1	Χ	Х		Moderate
9		2	Χ	Х		Moderate
	Town of Saint Matthews/Calhoun County	1	Χ	Х		Moderate
10		2	Х	Х		Moderate
		3	Χ			Low
		4	Χ	Х		Moderate
11	Town of Saint Matthews	1	Χ	X		Moderate
		2				Low
12	Calhoun County	1				Low

5.0 Recommended Projects and Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA)

5.1 Recommended Projects

Kimley-Horn identified 5 alternatives to recommend as projects based on the priority areas outlined in the scope, public reported issues, and their proximity to potential problem areas from modeling output. Alternatives were selected for Projects 1, 2, 3, 4, and 9. Projects 1 and 9 address flooding issues in the Town of Cameron, where there were many publicly reported flooding issues. Project 7 produced a high score and low risk but was not chosen as a recommended project alternative due to its lack of project synergy and potential to address multiple infrastructure issues as one project. Summaries of the recommended projects are

included in **Table K** below. Concept plans for the recommended projects are included in **Appendix C**.

Table K: BCA Summary

			Project			BCR	
Project	Location	Alt.	Score (out of 100)	Benefits	Costs	7% Discount Rate	3% Discount Rate
1	Town of Cameron	1	60	\$ 9,179,381.00	\$ 1,410,401.00	6.51	11.83
2	Town of Saint Matthews	2	66	\$ 9,320,402.00	\$ 523,801.00	17.79	30.61
	Town of	1	60				
3	Saint Matthews	3	65	\$ 5,106,189.00	\$ 1,596,301.00	3.2	5.66
4	Sandy Run	2	72	\$ 14,181,613.00	\$ 745,301.00	19.03	34.53
9	Town of Cameron	2	68	\$ 481,287.00	\$ 1,093,401.00	1.63	2.97

Project 1 addresses flooding issues previously identified in the May 2013 Stormwater Drainage Study prepared by Florence & Hutcheson for the Town of Cameron. Project 9 specifically address the flooding at the intersection of Old State Rd and Cameron Rd, which was one of the two locations requested by the County to be an area of focus in the study.

Projects 2 and 3 address flooding issues in the Town of Saint Matthews identified both from public input and potential risks identified from modeling like restricted access to Calhoun from the east via Colonel Thompson Highway.

Project 4 addresses potential flooding issues along Old Swamp Road where Sandy Run K-8 school is located. The intersection of Banks Lane and Old Swamp Road was the other of the two locations requested by the County to be an area of focus in the study. After visually assessing this intersection, there were no apparent infrastructure issues that would lead to flooding apart from the intersection being in a low-lying area directly adjacent to the Congaree River floodplain. Since the Congaree is the primary source of flooding in this area and there are no feasible alternatives to alleviate flooding at intersection of Banks Lane and Old Swamp Road, the improvements associated with Project 4 will improve the level of service of Old Swamp Road and provide a more reliable path of exit from the area during floods.

5.2 Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA)

A Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA) was performed on the 5 recommended projects to determine their cost effectiveness using FEMA's Benefit-Cost Calculator v6.0.0. The FEMA BCA Toolkit utilizes discount rates to demonstrate the loss of benefits over time. Benefit-Cost Ratios (BCR) were calculated for each recommended project using discount rates of 7% and 3%. According to FEMA, most federally funded mitigation projects require a discount rate of 7% except for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) and Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) grants. For these grants, FEMA considers a project cost-effective if it scores a BCR of 0.75 or higher using a discount rate of 7% or 1.0 or higher using a discount rate of 3%. Projects

must also benefit disadvantaged communities and address climate change in order to receive funding from either grant.

5.2.1 Benefits

The benefits were calculated as the avoided future costs due to the completion of the recommended project. A benefit that was shared between all 5 recommended projects was the avoided road impacts cost per day during various recurrence storms (10-year, 25-year, 50-year, and 100-year). Calculations for Project 9 assumed a complete infrastructure failure in all events due to the system surcharging in as low as the 10-year event. Recommended Projects 1, 2, 3, and 4 assumed complete infrastructure failure and washout during the 100-year event and therefore included the cost to implement the recommended project as a future cost. Project 4 benefits included avoided future costs associated with the potential closure of a critical facility building (Sandy Run K-8) due to failure of the surrounding road. Standard ecosystem benefits and additional social benefits were quantified for Projects 1, 2, 3, and 4. The ecosystem benefits stemmed from the expected benefit of reduced riverine flooding in the areas as a result of project improvements. Additional social benefits were applied that incorporated the number of affected residents and employed residents. Complete BCA reports of each recommended project are provided in **Appendix E**.

5.2.2 Costs

A large portion of the total costs associated with recommended projects was the construction cost. Other costs included maintenance costs and costs per day for road impacts after the implementation of the recommended projects. Projects 1, 2, and 9 do not provide a level of service beyond the 25-year storm, therefor, road flooding can still be expected during larger events. However, it is assumed that the implementation of the project will improve conditions and not result in complete infrastructure failure or washout during any storm event.

5.3 Recommended Project Considerations

Consideration should be taken regarding the impact of these recommended projects on their downstream systems during the detailed design phase. With the upsizing of roadway crossings, there is an increased potential for flooding downstream of the crossings. Particularly, Project 3 proposes the upsizing of roadway crossings upstream of a residential area in the Town of Saint Matthews. The upsizing of these crossings has the potential to increase flooding downstream, however, the addition of stream restoration upstream of the crossings could increase stream capacity and attenuation, thus potentially offsetting the increased flooding that would occur downstream.

6.0 "What-If" Analysis

Kimley-Horn identified 5 hypothetical situations— "what-if" scenarios—as potential impacts from major catastrophic events such as hurricanes or other major meteorological events. These hypothetical scenarios are purely qualitative, and no modeling was done to support this portion of the analysis. Potential impacts include but are not limited to the following scenarios:

1. There are multiple crossings along I-26 with a system of dams upstream. In the event of a catastrophic storm, the interstate crossings with Sandy Run, Kraker Branch, and Little Beaver Creek could potentially be at risk of failure.

- 2. There are 5 ponds along Kraker Branch upstream of Old Sandy Run Road in Sandy Run that are controlled by dams. A dam breach, or series of dam breaches, along this stream system could cause severe flooding to Old Sandy Run Road and cut off access from the Sandy Run Fire Department to surrounding areas.
- 3. There are 6 dams along Little Beaver Creek and its tributaries upstream of Old State Road. If any of these dams were to fail and create a cascade effect, a large stretch of Old State Road would be cutoff, limiting access from the Belleville Fire Station to surrounding areas.
- 4. High Hill Creek and Bates Mill Creek each have 4 dams along them upstream of their confluence at Calhoun Road. If either of these systems were to experience dam failures either separately or at the same time, both Calhoun Road and Old Belleville Road are at risk of failure.
- 5. In the event of a severe storm, such as Hurricane Matthew, the Congaree could flood immensely and impact important facilities in its proximity such as Sandy Run K-8 School and large manufacturing developments such as Columbia Energy Center, Dak Americas, and Devro Inc..

Locations of these scenarios along with the modeled 500-year flood depth boundary is shown in **Figures 5** and **6** below.

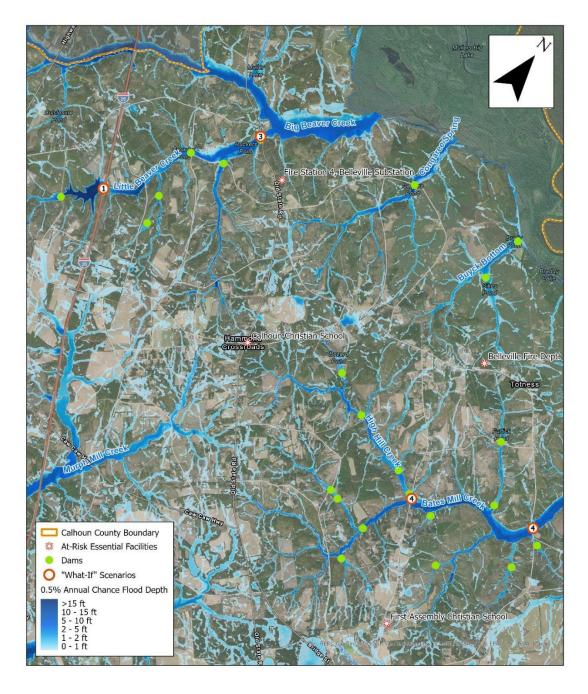


Figure 5: "What-If" Scenarios 1 of 2

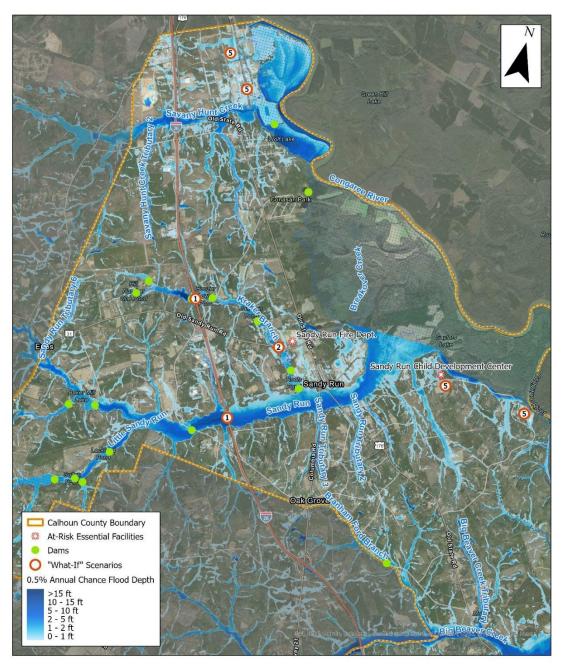
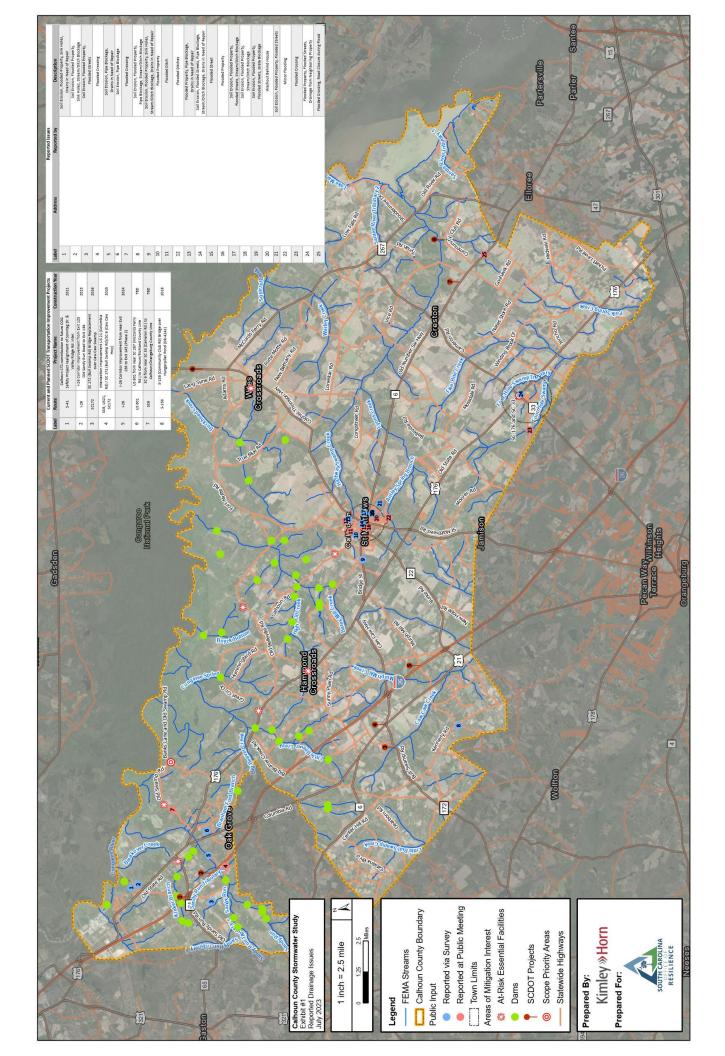
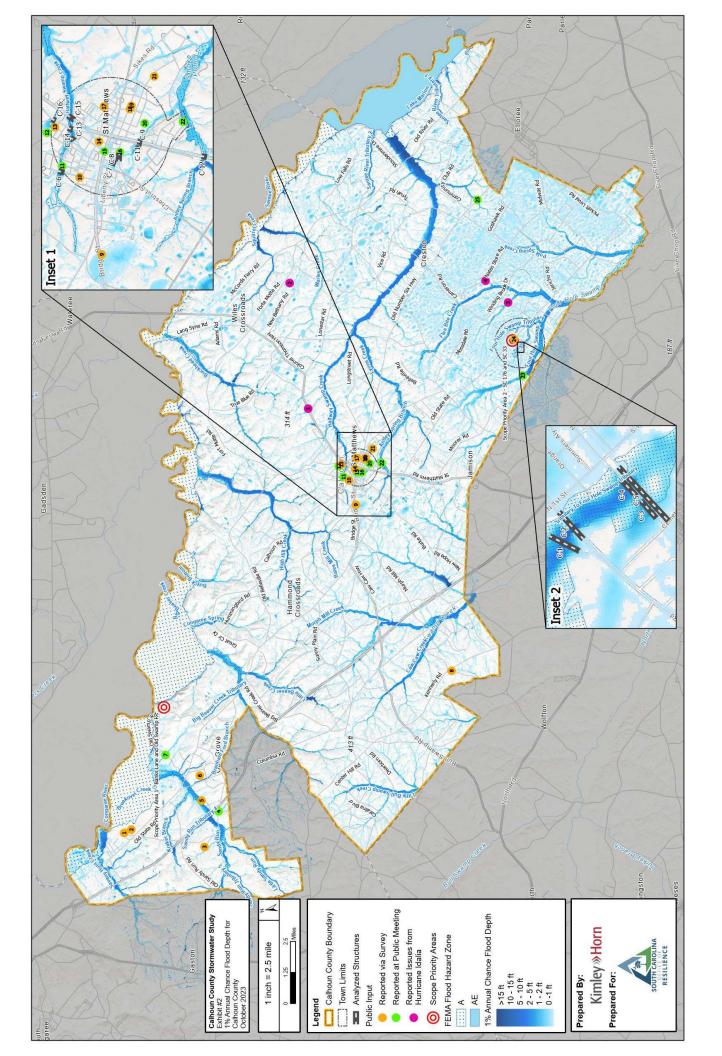


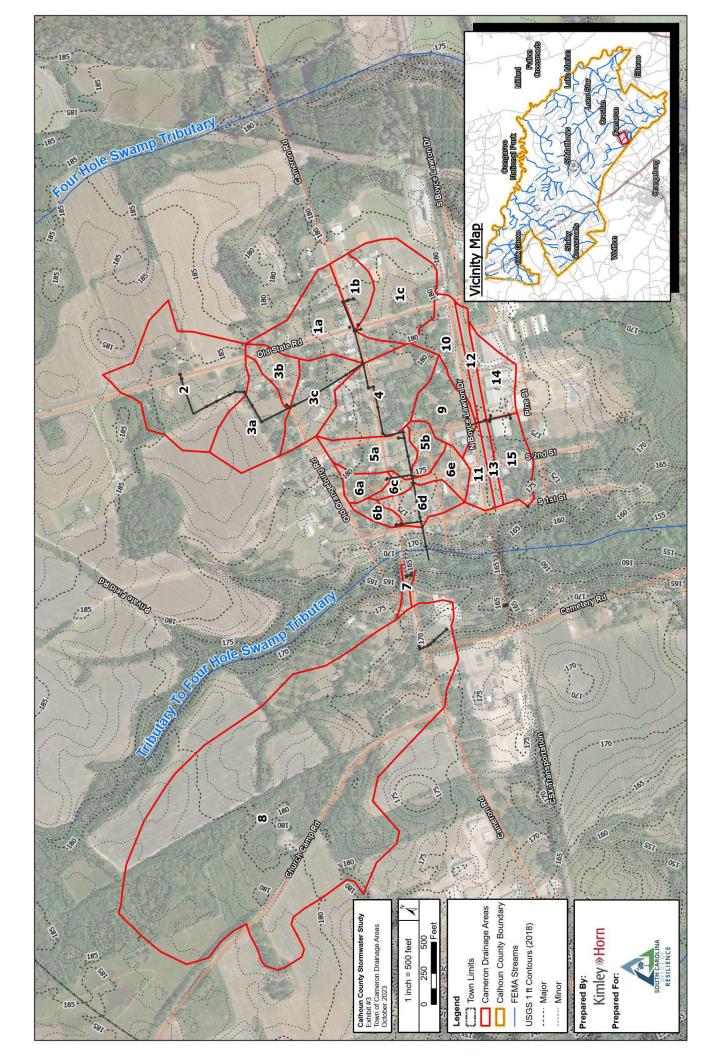
Figure 6: "What-If" Scenarios 2 of 2

APPENDIX AGENERAL EXHIBITS



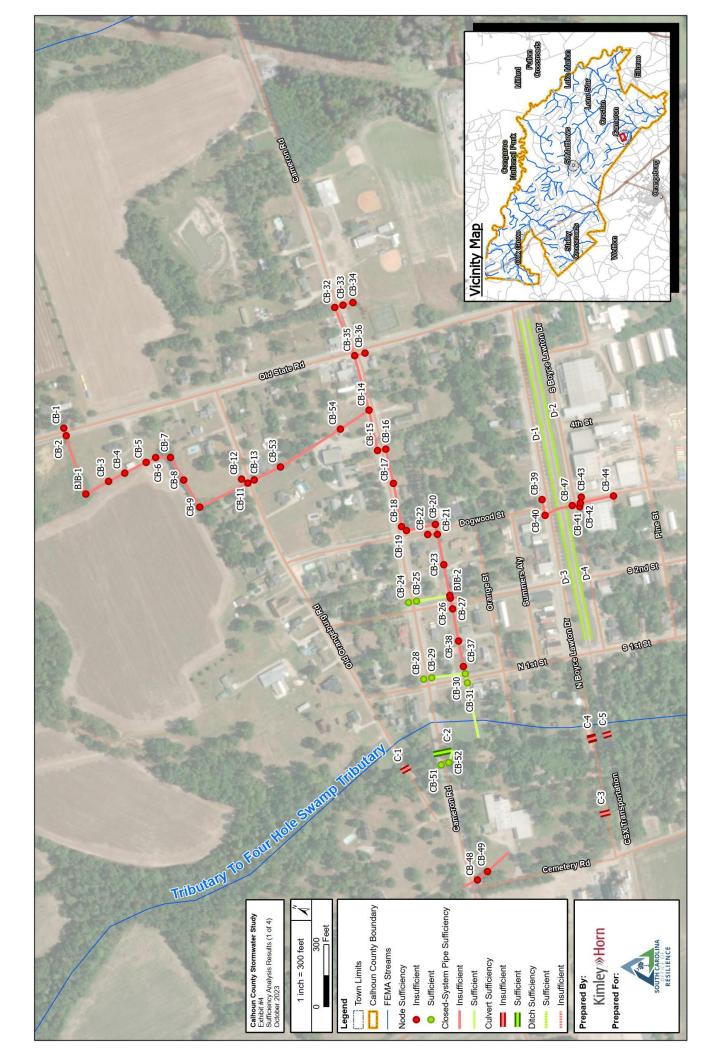




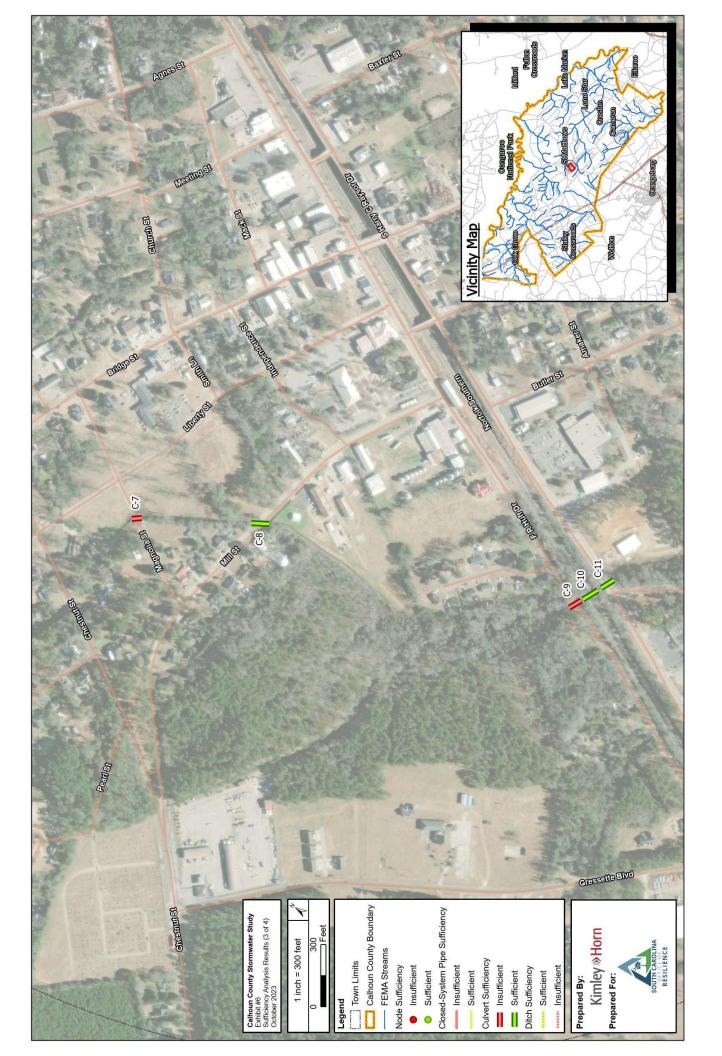


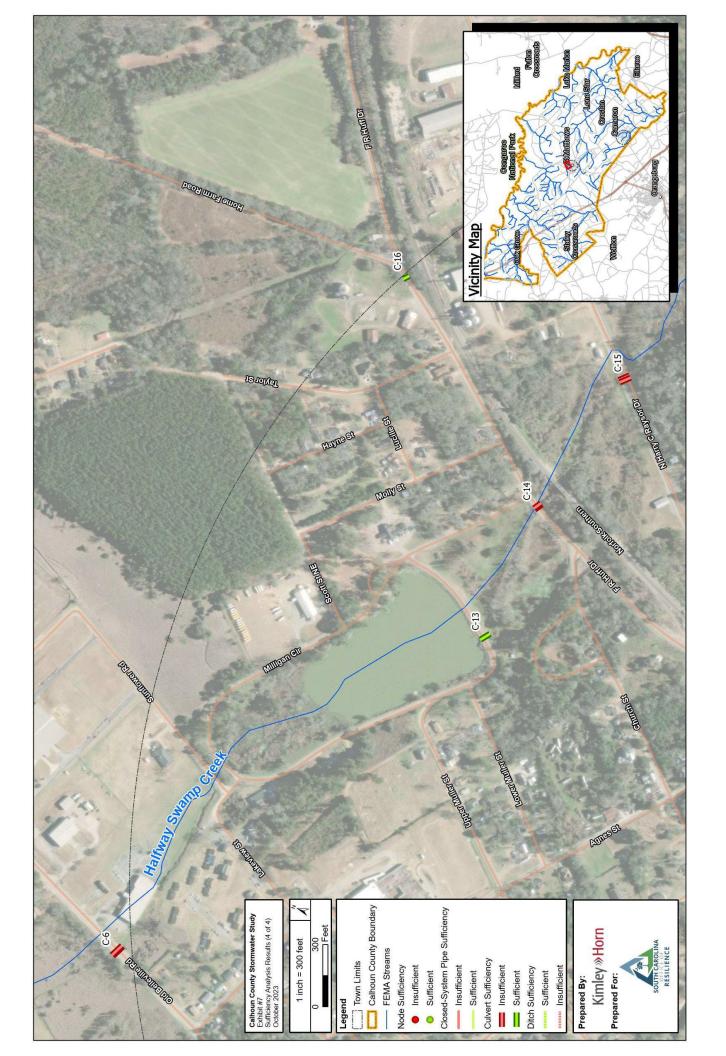
APPENDIX B INVENTORY AND SUFFICIENCY RESULTS











INVENTORY TABLES



Table 1: Inventory of Existing Nodes

NOTES	Inverts assumed using constant slope	Lid elev. assumed from CB-23 and CB-26 lid slope, NE invert assumed from pipe slope , SW invert assumed constant through box				Investment of the contract of	Inverts assumed based on slope from lids Inverts assumed based on slope from lids	Inverts assumed based on slope from lids	Inverts assumed based on slope from lids		Invert assumed from lid elev pipe diameter	ITWEET SYMMETRY AND A THE STATE OF THE STATE	NE HIVELL ASSUMED USING MOUSIANTS SUPELLOTH COF-14 AND HIVE LASSUMED SAME	Inverts assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain decreasing inverts going DS	Inverts assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain decreasing inverts going DS	Inverts assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain decreasing inverts going DS	Inverte assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain deed easily inverte and to be bottom of box in order to maintain order design inverte and to be bottom of box in order to maintain order design inverte and to be bottom of box in order to maintain order design inverte and to be bottom of box in order to maintain order as in inverte only of the property of the bottom of box in order to maintain order as in inverte only or the property or the property of the bottom of box in order to bottom order to box in order to box in order to bottom order to bottom order to box in order to bottom order to b	Invertage and the bottom of box		Investe accumed to be bottom of box in actor to maintain doceasain investe anima DC	Inverts assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain dead easing inverts upon to Inverts assumed to be bottom of box in order to maintain dead easing inverts online INs	on final to account of the first of the firs					Invert assumed using constant slope from CB-32 and CB-35 lid elevation	Invert assumed to be bottom of box	layort accumod ucton conctant along from currounding lid aloughton	IIIVEIL ASSULIEU DSITIQ COLISTAIN. SUDE ITOTII SULI OUTIONIQIIU ETEVATIOTI																				
ISSUES	Survey	Survey	: :	:	:	:	Survey	Survey	Survey	:	Survey	Survey	ourvey 	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	:	Survey	Survey		:	:	:	: :	Survey	Survey	Curator	our vey	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	Survey	Survey	: :	: :	:	:	: :	
KNOWN ISSUES	Not found in survey	Assumed location	: :	٠		1 000	SW RCP recessed	SW RCP recessed	SE RCP recessed		Unable to obtain inverts	Unable to obtain inverts	ROCKS DIOCKING IIIVELUS	Pipes recessed	Unable to obtain inverts	Unable to obtain inverts	Unable to obtain inverts Pipas racessed	Unable to obtain NW invert	:		Filled with water unable to obtain inverts	-	:		:		Filled with debris, unable to obtain inverts	Filled with debris, unable to obtain inverts		Oliable to obtail NE Iliveit	:	:	:	:	: :	:		:	: :		:		Unable to obtain inverts	Unable to obtain inverts		:	:	1	: :	:
, DЕРТН	ш	6.3	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.8	3 83 80 83 80 83	3.5	3.5	4.1	1.3	1.4	3.1	2.0	5.8	8.9	6.0	8.4	5.7	9.1	3 6	7.3	7.9	3.3	3.6	12.8	3.4	2.9	2.3	2.7	11.9	7.8	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	5.4	2.6	3.3	3.7	3.0	4.5	5.1	5.1	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.0
RIM/GROUND ELEVATION (FT)		174.9	183.5	182.7	182.7	182.5	187.5	180.8	180.8	180.0	179.4	17.7	176.3	177.4	177.9	178.2	178.9	178.5	178.0	1777.7	176.1	174.7	174.5	175.0	174.9	175.9	179.2	178.7	178.0	177.6	175.7	172.6	174.8	1/4./	174.1	173.9	173.9	174.3	1/0.2	167.5	173.3	173.0	180.4	179.4	172.3	174.0	167.7	167.1	164.5	173.7
INVERT ELEVATION (FT)	179.6	168.6	180.5	179.4	178.9	178.7	1/8.6	177.4	177.4	175.9	178.1	173 /	173.2	172.4	172.1	171.4	170.4	170.1	172.3	168.6	172.9	167.5	166.6	171.7	171.3	163.1	175.8	175.9	175.7	175.4	163.8	164.8	172.5	1/2.2	170.3	171.3	168.5	171.7	165.1	163.8	170.3	168.4	175.3	1/4.3	171.0	172.7	165.7	165.9	160.5	171.7
SURVEY BOX NO.	1002.0	- 0000	1001.0	1003.0	1004.0	1005.0	1006.0	1008.0	1009.0	1010.0	1011.0	1012.0	1023.0	1024.0	1025.0	1026.0	1030.0	1031.0	1032.0	1033.0	1035.0	1036.0	1037.0	1040.0	1047.0	1043.0	1015.0	1016.0	1017.0	1020.0	1038.0	1039.0	1061.0	1060.0	1052.0	1056.0	1055.0	1059.0	1046.0	1048.0	1044.0	1045.0	1013.0	1014.0		: ;		:	: :	
SOURCE	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	:
SIZE	3' x 3' Box (Assumed)	6' Diameter Circle (Assumed)	3 XZ.5 BOX 3'y2 F' Rox	3'x3' Box	3'x3' Box	3'x3' Box	3'x3'3' Box	3'x3' Box	4'x3.4' Box	4'x3.4' Box	3'x2' Box	5.X5 BOX	3 x2.5 B0x 3'x2.5' Box	4'x4' Box	4'x4' Box	6' Diameter Circle	o Diameter Circle	6' Diameter Circle	2'x2' Box	6. Diameter Circle	3 x 2.5 B0 x 3 x 2 5' B0 x	6' Diameter Circle	6' Diameter Circle	3'x2.5' Box	3'x2.5' Box	6' Diameter Circle	3.8'x5.7' Box	3'x2.5' Box	2'x2' Box	3 XZ:3 BOX	6' Diameter Circle	6' Diameter Circle	3'x2.5' Box	3.x2.5' Box	2.5 X2 B0X 3 F'y3' Box	3'x2' Box	3'x2' Box	2.5'x3' Box	3'x2.5' Box 3'x2' Box	3'x2' Box	3'x2.5' Box	3'x2.5' Box	3.2'x3.35' Box	3'x3' B0X	15"	15"	24"	15"	948"	24"
TYPE	Blind Junction Box	Blind Junction Box	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Catch Basin	Open-Ended Pipe	Transition				
NAME	BJB-1	BJB-2	CB-1	CB-3	CB-4	CB-5	CB-6	CB-8	CB-9	CB-11	CB-12	CB-13	CB-14	CB-16	CB-17	CB-18	CB-19	CB-21	CB-22	CB-23	CB-24	CB-26	CB-27	CB-28	CB-29	CB-30	CB-32	CB-33	CB-34	CB-33	CB-37	CB-38	CB-39	CB-40	CB-41	CB-43	CB-44	CB-47	CB-48	CB-50	CB-51	CB-52	CB-53	CB-54	OFP-1	OEP-3	0EP-4	OEP-5	OEP-6 T-1	T-2

Table 2: Inventory of Existing Closed-System Pipes

NOTES													Assumed to be 15" from downstream system	Assumed to be 15" from surrounding system, invert assumed to be same as downstream box	invert assumed to be same as downstream box															Assumed to be 18" from surrounding system		1 3100 1 1 1	Assumed to be 18" from surrounding system															
ISSUES	SOURCE 	:	:		1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	Survey	:	:	:	:	:	:	Survey	:	:	Survey 	:	:						:		:	:	:	:	:	:
	DESCRIPTION 				:	:				:		:			:	-	:			-	:		Collapsed pipe	:	:	:	:	:		Unable to obtain pipe size	:	_	Unable to obtain pipe size	:	1		-							:	:	:	:	
LENGTH	(F1) 37.8	296.8	126.3	87.6	115.8	51.3	71.6	126.6	151.9	260.2	36.1	33.9	141.6	342	165.6	49.3	41.3	251.8	272.3	52.1	199.2	40.7	169.9	212.7	30.1	142.8	49.2	149.6	53.2	37.9	151.5	13.1	163.5	35.8	45.4	267.9	38.2	164	158	124.7	9.92	62.2	38.6	33.4	40.3	163.1	27.4	18.1
DS INVERT	(FT) 180,6	179.6	179.4	179.2	178.7	178.9	178.1	177.8	1//.4	176.1	176.9	175.8	175.3	174.3	173.7	175.9	175.8	175.3	173.6	175.1	173.2	172.4	172.1	171.4	171.4	170.4	170.2	168.7	166.8	172.9	168.6	167.5	170.3	163.8	163.1	160.5	171.4	9'691	164.8	164.2	172.3	171.7	171.5	171.6	171.5	168.6	168.3	171.2
US INVERT	(FT) 180.8	180.5	179.6	179.4	178.9	178.7	178.6	177.9	1//.4	177.4	178.1	175.9	176.0	175.3	174.3	175.7	175.9	175.8	175.1	175.4	173.6	173.1	172.4	172.1	171.4	171.4	170.4	170.1	167.5	173.1	168.6	168.6	172.9	163.8	163.6	163.1	171.7	171.3	166.6	164.8	172.5	172.2	171.7	171.5	171.7	170.3	168.5	171.3
MATERIAL	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP
SPAN	(F)	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:	:		2.7	:	:	;	;	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	1	:	:	:
R RISE	(IN)	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1.5	:	:	;	:	:	-	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	: :	:	1		-	-		-				1	ı	:	:	:
DIA						24.0				24.0				15.0								24.0			48.0							48.0		48.0													30.0	
PIPE	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Ellipse	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle	Circle
SOURCE	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey	Survey
NAME	P-1	P-2	P-3	P-4	P-5	P-6	P-7	۳- ر د	6-d	P-10	P-11	P-12	P-13	P-14	P-15	P-16	P-17	P-18	P-19	P-20	P-21	P-22	P-23	P-24	P-25	P-26	P-27	P-28	P-29	P-30	P-31	P-32	P-33	P-35	P-36	P-37	P-38	P-39	P-40	P-41	P-42	P-43	P-44	P-45	P-46	P-47	P-48	P-49

	NOTES									
SZLIFS	SOURCE						-		-	-
5311551	DESCRIPTION									
LENGTH	(FT)	28.8	18.8	10.4	50.4	58.2	63.1	134.8	38.1	58.5
I S INIVERT DS INIVERT	(FT)	171.2	169.2	169.2	170.2	165.5	165.1	163.8	169.9	165.9
11S INVERT	(FT)	171.3	172.6	171.0	172.7	165.7	165.5	165.1	170.3	168.4
	MATERIAL	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	CMP	RCP	RCP
NDAN	(FT)	1	:	1	:	1	:	1	:	1
PISE		:	-	:	-	:	-	:	-	1
DIAMETER RISE SPAN	(IN)	18.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	12.0	15.0
PIPF	SHAPE	Circle								
	SOURCE	Survey								
	NAME	P-50	P-51	P-52	P-53	P-54	P-55	P-56	P-57	P-58

Table 3: Inventory of Existing Culverts

		RARRFI		DIAMFTER	DIAMFTER RISF SPAN	SISF S		NGTH U	I FNGTH UPSTREAM	DOWNSTRFAM	SLOPF	APPROX %	
NAME	DESCRIPTION	NO.	SOURCE	(II)	(FT)	(F		(FT) IN		INVERT (FT)		BLOCKED	NOTES
C-1	Old Orangeburg Rd over Tributary to Four Hole Creek Tributary	1	Survey	99	5.5	1	;	46.4	160.00	159.58	600:0	15%	
C-2	Cameron Rd over over Tributary to Four Hole Creek Tributary	1	Survey	:	:	8.0	8.0	91.5	160.09	159.91	0.002	%0	DS invert higher than US, assumed slope based off of top of culvert elevations
C-3	State Rd S-9-8 over Tributary to Tributary to Four Hole Creek Tributary	1	Survey	24	2.0	1	:	49.6	161.78	161.28	0.010	%08	
	vactudist royo 0 0 2 bd otot3	1	Survey	42	3.5		1	43.1	156.26	155.54	0.017	20%	
C-4	state halp of the transition o	2	Survey	36	3.0	:	1	41.1	156.16	155.47	0.017	20%	DS invert higher than US, assumed slope based off Culvert #1
	to roal note creek Hibataly	3	Survey	36	3.0	:	:	42.3	155.27	154.56	0.017	%0/	DS invert higher than US, assumed slope based off Culvert #1
C-5	Railroad crossing over Tributary to Four Hole Creek Tributary	1	Survey			4.0	5.0	50.0	156.16	156.16	0.000	20%	Length assumed from topo and aerial imagery, assumed constant slope
7)	Pa 에까이 Pa	1	Survey	36	3.0	:	:	6.99	243.22	242.15	0.016	%0	
<u>و</u>		2	Survey	36	3.0	:	:	65.1	243.02	241.19	0.028	%0	
C-7	Magnolia St	1	Survey	54	4.5	:	:	47.9	269.30	268.87	600:0	%0	
C-8	Mill St	1	Survey	54	4.5	:	:	6.68	267.09	267.09	0.000	%0	DS invert higher than US, assumed constant slope
6-0	F R Huff Dr	1	Survey	54	4.5	:	:	65.3	243.89	242.66	0.019	%0	
C-10	Railroad between F R Huff Rd and Harry C Raysor Dr	1	Survey	06	7.5	:		85.5	242.79	241.39	0.016	%0	
C-11	Harry C Raysor Dr	1	Survey	-	:	0.6	8.0	72.2	240.90	240.47	900.0	%0	
0 13	Saint Matthews Rd/Harry C Raysor Dr over	1	Survey	-		8	10.5	74.8	216.38	215.8	0.008	70%	
21-0	Antley Spring Branch	2	Survey			8	10.5	74.8	216.38	215.8	0.008	%0	
C-13	Milligan Circle	1	Survey	-	:	0.9	14.0	54.5	222.92	222.00	0.017	%0	
717	T D Direct Ox at Capital Tay Ordinat Dark	1	Survey		:	2	6.5	40.8	212.21	211.63	0.014	%0	
† 	i Nijali Di atcapital lavri gjettral N	2	Survey			2	6.5	40.8	212.21	211.63	0.014	%0	
7.7	Harry C Daycor Dr pear Bin Cite Dd	1	Survey			8.5	10.5	26.0	206.25	206.10	0.003	20%	
2	riarly chaysol of rieal bill site no	2	Survey		:	8.5	10.5	26.0	206.25	206.10	0.003	%0	
C-16	F R Huff Dr near Home Farm Rd	1	Survey	:	:	7.5	8.0	33.7	236.23	236.23	0.000	%0	DS invert higher than US, assumed constant slope

Table 4: Inventory of Existing Ditches

NAME	NAME SOURCE	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH (FT)
D-1	Survey	Boyce Lawton Dr and Old State Rd (North)	917
D-2	Survey	Boyce Lawton Dr and Old State Rd (South)	919
D-3	Survey	Boyce Lawton Dr and 1st St (North)	635
D-4	Survey	Boyce Lawton Dr and 1st St (South)	633

SUFFICIENCY TABLES





Table 5: Sufficiency of Existing Nodes

L	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE
NAME	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE
BJB-1	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
BJB-2	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-1	N	Surcharges in 10-year	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-2	N	Surcharges in 10-year	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-3	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-4	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-5	Z	Surcharges in 10-year	Z	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-6	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-7	Z	Surcharges in 10-year	Z	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-8	Z	Surcharges in 10-year	Z	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-9	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-11	N	Surcharges in 10-year	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-12	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-13	N	Surcharges in 10-year	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-14	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-15	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-16	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-17	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-18	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-19	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-20	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-21	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-22	N	Surcharges in 10-year	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-23	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-24	У	Passing	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-25	γ	Passing	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-26	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-27	N	Surcharges in 25-year	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-28	Υ	Passing	У	Passing
CB-29	γ	Passing	У	Passing

NIANT	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE
INAIVIE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE
CB-30	Ь	Passing	Z	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-31	λ	Passing	Ν	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-32	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-33	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-34	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year	Z	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-35	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-36	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-37	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-38	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-39	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-40	Ν	Surcharges in 10-year	Z	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-41	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-42	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-43	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-44	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-47	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-48	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-49	N	Surcharges in 25-year	N	Surcharges in 25-year
CB-51	А	Passing	γ	Passing
CB-52	У	Passing	γ	Passing
CB-53	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year
CB-54	N	Surcharges in 10-year	N	Surcharges in 10-year

Table 6: Sufficiency of Existing Closed-System Pipes

NAME	UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM	EXISTING SLIEFICIENCY (VAN)	EXISTING STIFFFURITY NOTE	FUTURE	FUTURE SUBERCIENCY NOTE
D_1	CB-1	CB-2	SOLLICIENCI (1719)	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year	SOLLICIENCI (1719)	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year
D_7	CB-2	RIR-1	2 2	Roth nodes surcharde in 10-year	2 2	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year
D-3	BIB-1	CB-3	2 2	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year	2 2	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year
D-d	CR-3	CB-3	2 2	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year	2 2	Both nodes surcharde in 10-year
P-5	CB-4	CB-5	2 2	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	2 2	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-6	CB-5	CB-6	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-7	9-8)	CB-7	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-8	CB-7	CB-8	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
6-d	CB-8	CB-9	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-10	CB-9	CB-11	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-11	CB-12	CB-11	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-12	CB-11	CB-13	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-13	CB-13	CB-53	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-14	CB-53	CB-54	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-15	CB-54	CB-14	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-16	CB-34	CB-33	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-17	CB-33	CB-32	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-18	CB-32	CB-35	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-19	CB-35	CB-14	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-20	CB-36	CB-35	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-21	CB-14	CB-15	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-22	CB-15	CB-16	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-23	CB-16	CB-17	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-24	CB-17	CB-18	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-25	CB-18	CB-19	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-26	CB-19	CB-20	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-27	CB-20	CB-21	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-28	CB-21	CB-23	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-29	CB-26	CB-27	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-30	CB-24	CB-25	У	Passing 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-31	CB-23	BJB-2	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-32	BJB-2	CB-26	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-33	CB-25	BJB-2	Y	Passing 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-34	CB-22	CB-21	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-35	CB-37	CB-30	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-36	CB-30	CB-31	Υ	Passing 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-37	CB-31	0EP-8	У	Passing 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-38	CB-28	CB-29	٨	Passing 10-year	Υ.	Passing 10-year
P-39	CB-29	CB-30	У	Passing 10-year	٨	Passing 10-year
P-40	CB-27	CB-38	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-41	CB-38	CB-37	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	N	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-42	CB-39	CB-40	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-43	CB-40	T-2	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-44	T-2	T-1	N	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-45	T-1	CB-47	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-46	CB-47	CB-42	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-47	CB-42	CB-44	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year

LIVVIV.	UPSTREAM	UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE
INAIVIE	NODE	NODE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE
P-48	CB-44	CB-45	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-49	CB-41	CB-42	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-50	CB-43	CB-42	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-51	0EP-1	CB-27	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-52	OEP-2	CB-27	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Ν	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-53	0EP-3	CB-26	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 10-year
P-54	9-d30	CB-48	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-55	CB-48	CB-49	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-56	CB-49	CB-20	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year	Z	Both nodes surcharge in 25-year
P-57	CB-51	CB-52	Т	Passing 10-year	λ	Passing 10-year
P-58	CB-52	0EP-5	٨	Passing 10-year	γ	Passing 10-year

Table 7: Sufficiency of Existing Ditches

NIANAE	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE
INAIVIE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE	SUFFICIENCY (Y/N)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE
D-1	λ	0.28' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year	λ	0.19' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year
D-2	λ	0.43' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year	λ	0.38' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year
D-3	λ	0.35' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year	λ	0.27' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year
D-4	γ	0.07' of freeboard to top of ditch in 10-year	Z	Ditch overtops

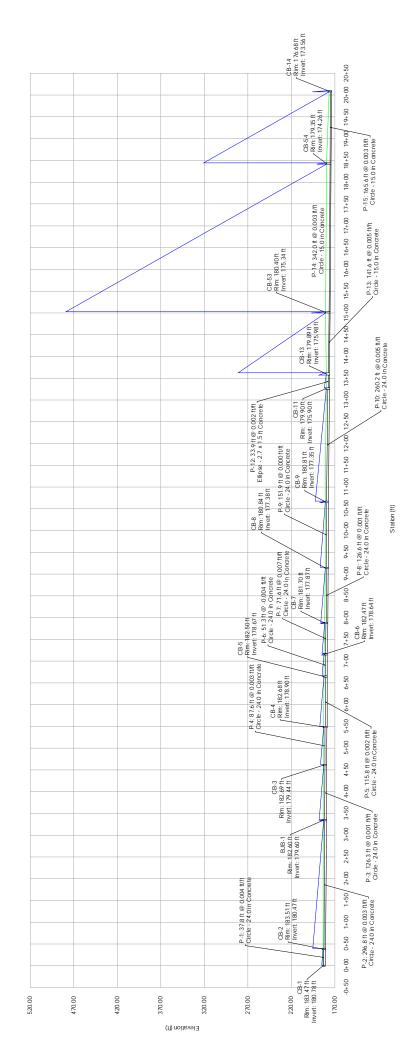
Table 8: Sufficiency of Existing Culvert Crossings

C-1 N C-3 C-4 N C-6-5 N C-6-7 C-9 N C-10 C-9 N C-10 C-12 C-12 C-13 C-13 C-14 N C-14 N C-13 C-14 N C-14 N C-15 C-16 C-16 C-16 C-16 C-16 C-16 C-16 C-16	SUFFICIENCY NOTE Crossing overtops by 2.4' in 25-year 1.7' of freeboard to road in 25-year		
	Crossing overtops by 2.4' in 25-year 1.7' of freeboard to road in 25-year	(N/Y)	SUFFICIENCY NOTE
	1.7' of freeboard to road in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 3.9' in 25-year
		N	Insufficient freeboard in 25-year
	Crossing overtops by 3.4' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 3.5' in 25-year
	Crossing overtops by 5.9' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 6.2' in 25-year
Z Z > Z > > > > Z	Crossing overtops by 1' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 1.1' in 25-year
C-8	Crossing overtops by 1.1' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 1.5' in 25-year
> Z > > > > Z	Crossing overtops by 0.6' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 0.8' in 25-year
Z > > > Z	1.9' of freeboard to road in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 0.7' in 25-year
C-10 Y C-11 Y C-12 Y C-13 Y C-13 A	Crossing overtops by 1.1' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 1.9' in 25-year
× × × × ×	3.4' of freeboard to road in 25-year	λ	1.7' of freeboard to road in 25-year
> > > × × ×	3.7' of freeboard to road in 25-year	N	Insufficient freeboard in 25-year
N ×	6.4' of freeboard to road in 25-year	Х	3.2' of freeboard to road in 25-year
Z	2.6' of freeboard to road in 25-year	А	2.3' of freeboard to road in 25-year
	Crossing overtops by 2.2' in 25-year	Ν	Crossing overtops by 2.7' in 25-year
C-15 N	Crossing overtops by 0.6' in 25-year	N	Crossing overtops by 1.3' in 25-year
C-16 Y	3.2' of freeboard to road in 25-year	λ	2.1' of freeboard to road in 25-year

HY-8 OUTPUT

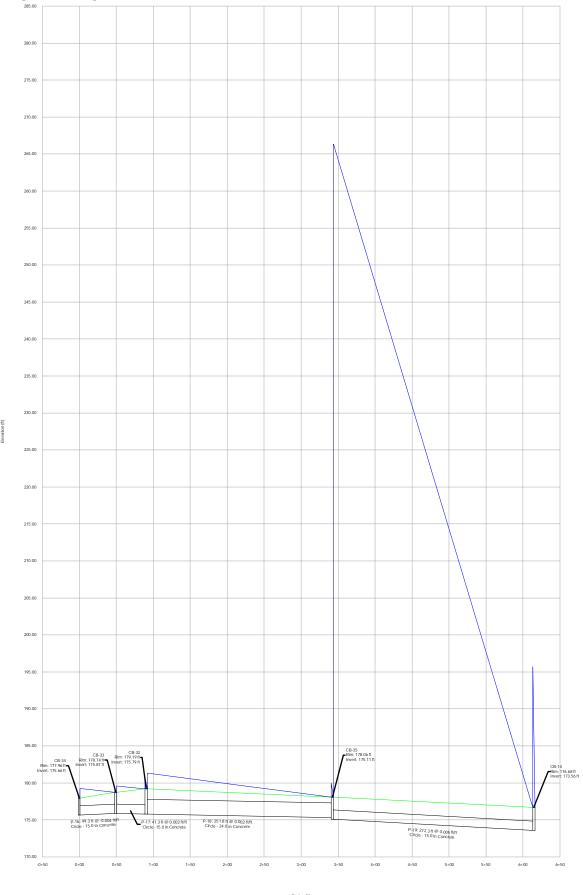


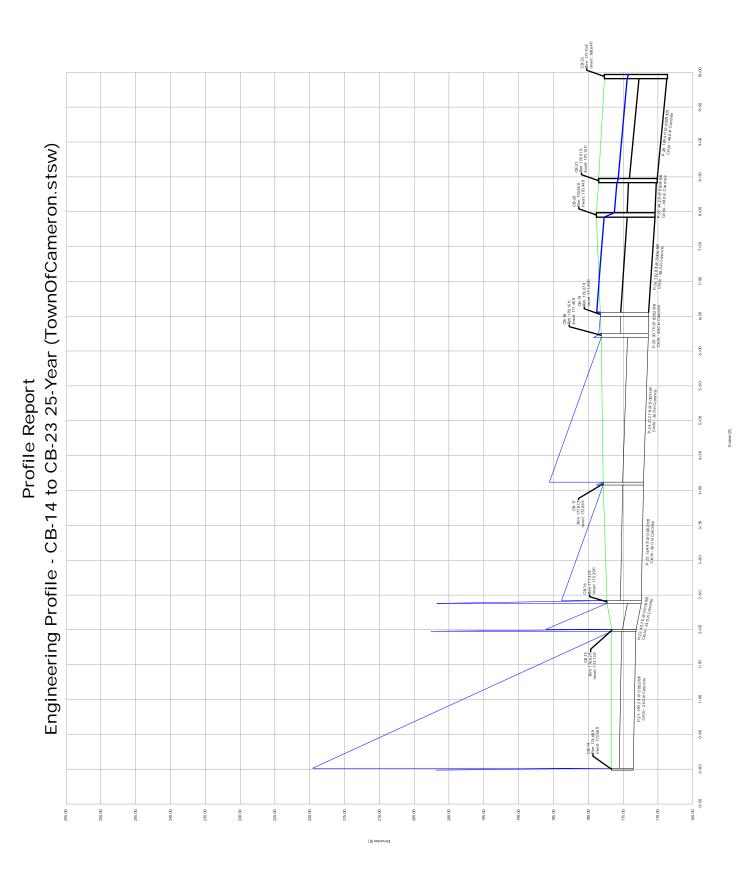
Engineering Profile - CB-1 to CB-14 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw) **Profile Report**



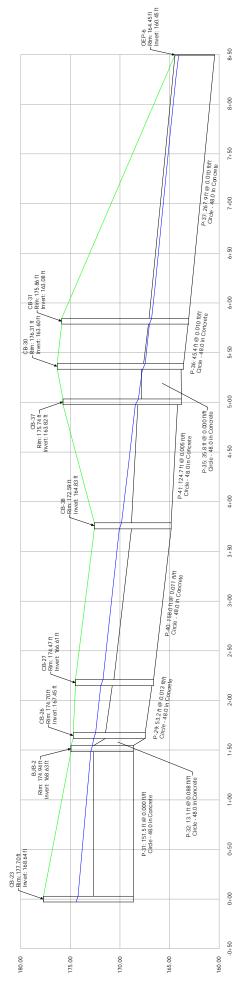
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - CB-34 to CB-14 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw)





Engineering Profile - CB-23 to OEP-6 25-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw) **Profile Report**



Station (ft)

175.00

-0+50

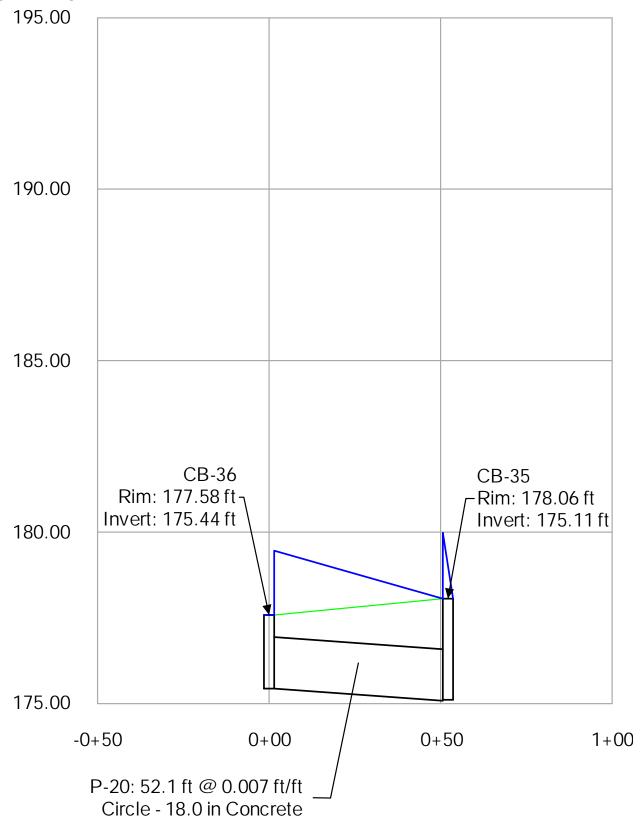
185.00 CB-12 **CB-11** Rim: 179.39 ft-Rim: 179.90 ft Invert: 178.14 ft Invert: 175.90 ft 180.00 Circle 36.7 ft @ 0.034 ft/ft 15.0 in Concrete

Station (ft)

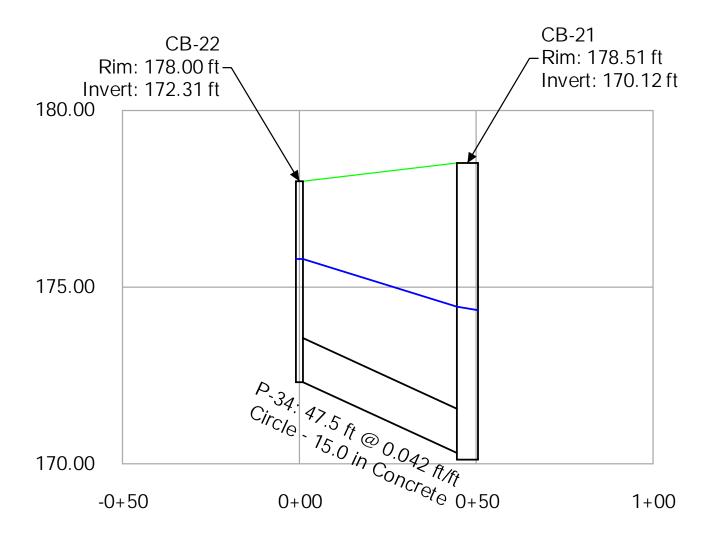
0+00

0 + 50

Profile Report Engineering Profile - CB-36 to CB-35 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw)

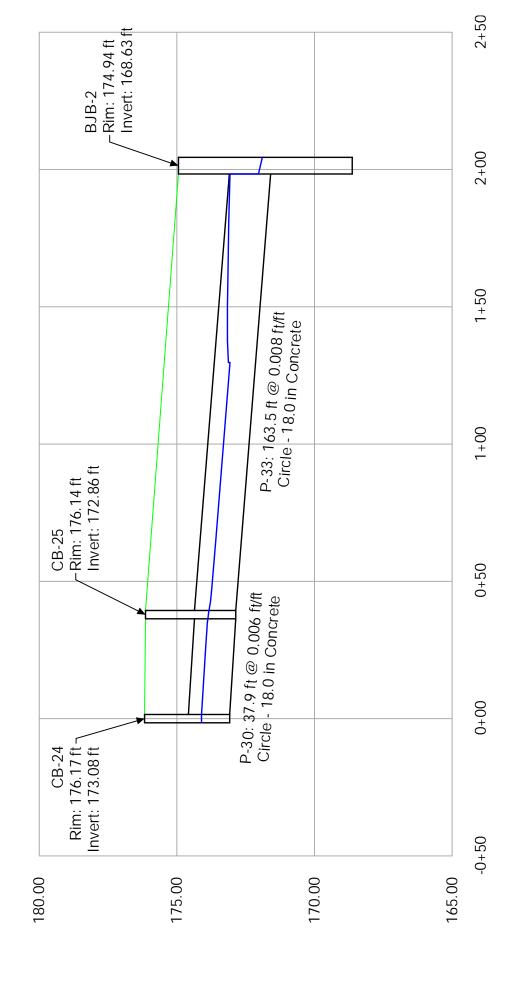


Station (ft)



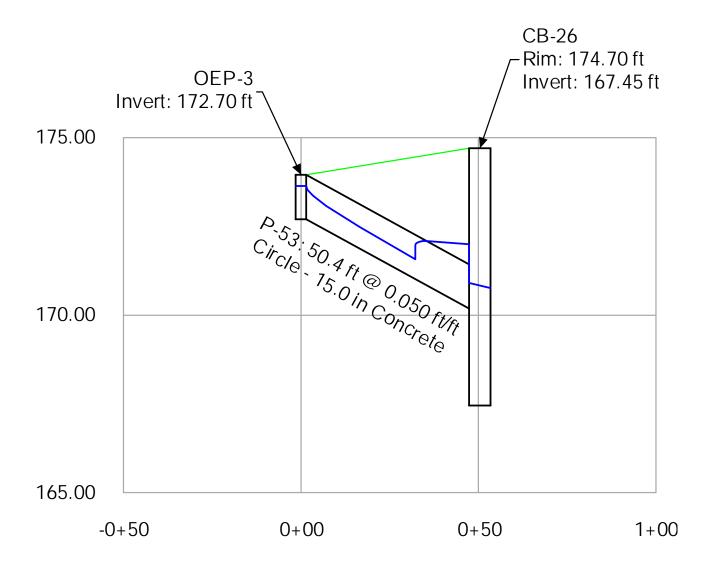
Station (ft)

Engineering Profile - CB-24 to BJB-2 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw) **Profile Report**

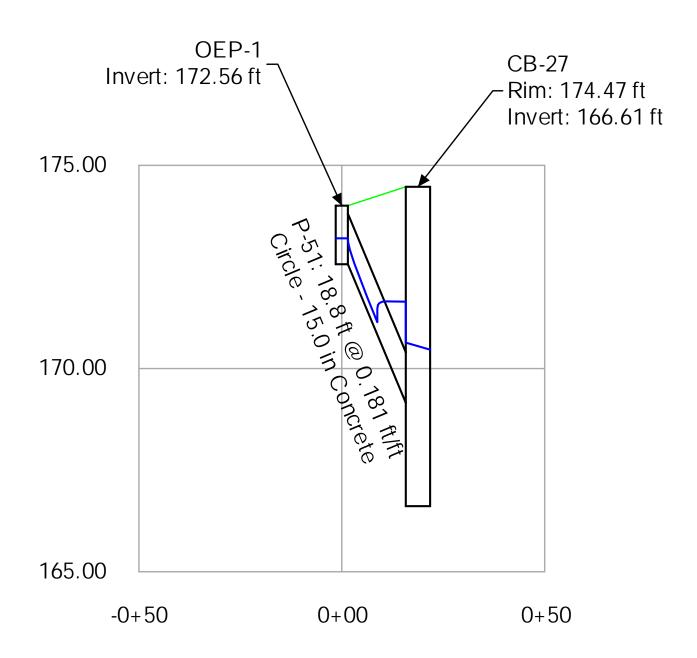


Station (ft)

Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Solution Center 76 Watertown Road, Suite 2D Thomaston, CT 06787 USA +1-203-755-1666

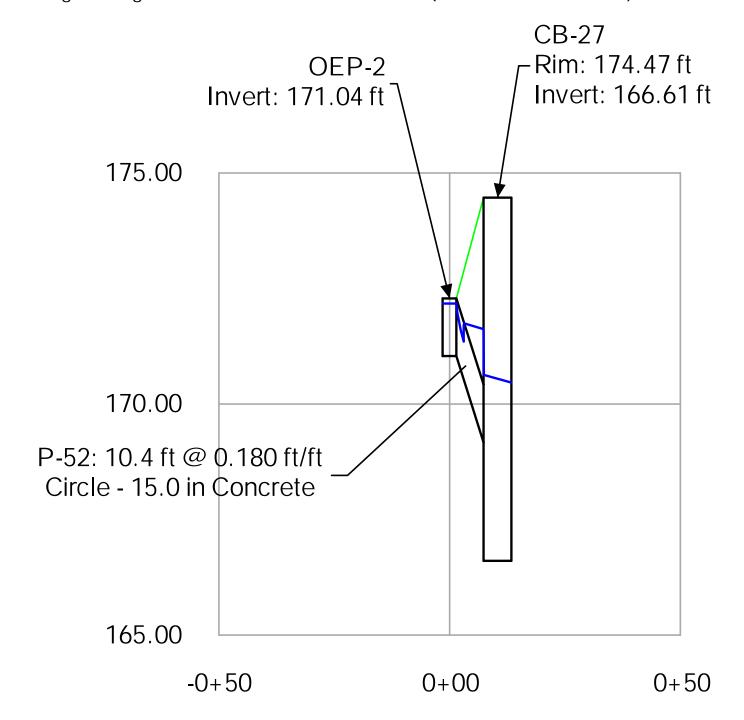


Station (ft)



Station (ft)

Engineering Profile - OEP-2 to CB-27 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw)



Station (ft)

2+50

2+00

1+50

1+00

0+20

0+00

-0+20

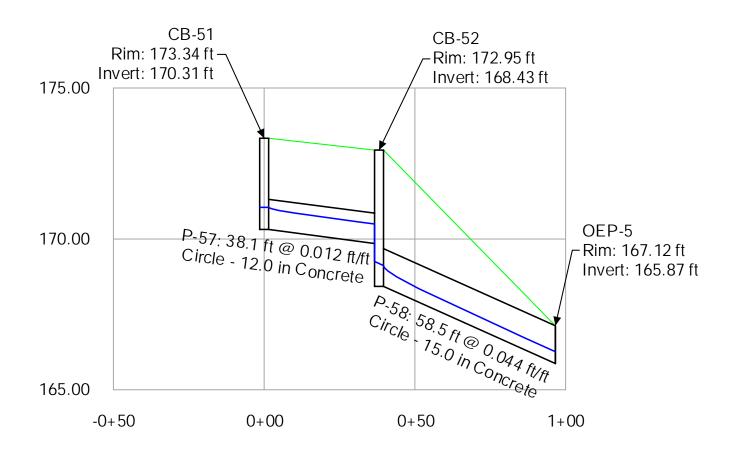
160.00

Invert: 163.60 ft Rim: 176.31 ft CB-30 Engineering Profile - CB-28 to CB-30 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw) P-39: 164.0 ft @ 0.011 ft/ft Circle - 18.0 in Concrete **Profile Report** Invert: 171.34 ft Rim: 174.93 ft CB-29 P-38: 38.2 ft @ 0.008 ft/ft Circle- 18.0 in Concrete-CB-28 Rim: 175.00 ft \ Invert: 171.65 ft 180.00 175.00 165.00 170.00

Station (ft)

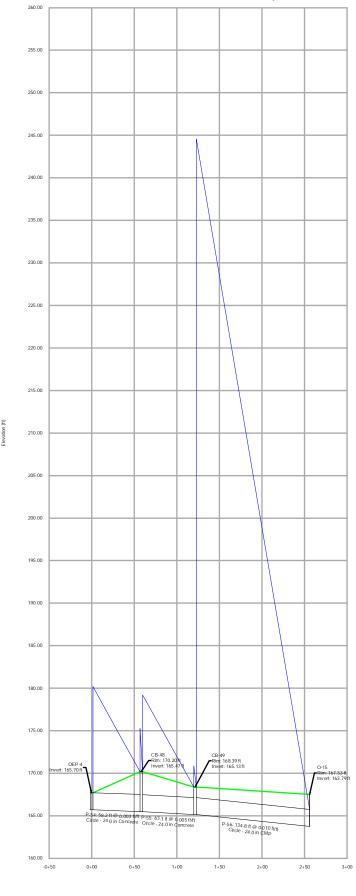
Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Solution Center 76 Watertown Road, Suite 2D Thomaston, CT 06787 USA +1-203-755-1666

Profile Report Engineering Profile - CB-51 to OEP-5 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw)

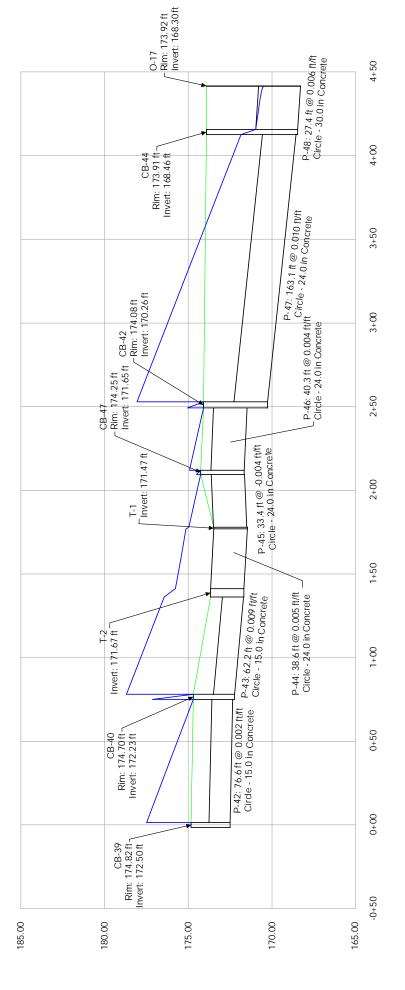


Station (ft)

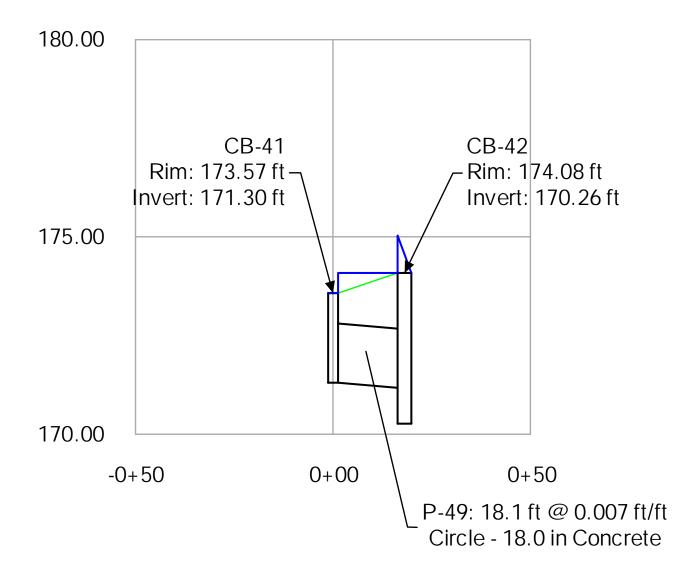
Profile Report Engineering Profile - OEP-4 to O-15 25-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw)



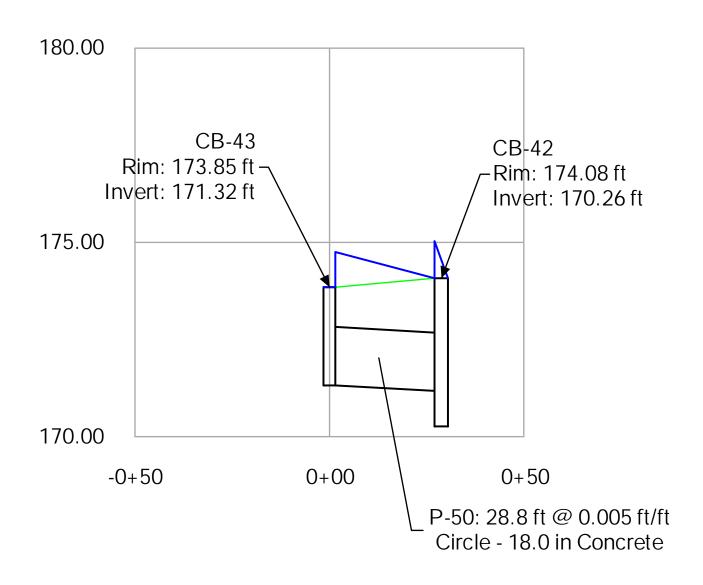
Engineering Profile - CB-39 to O-17 10-Year (TownOfCameron.stsw) **Profile Report**



Station (ft)



Station (ft)



Station (ft)

FLOWMASTER OUTPUT



Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd North (DA10)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.005 ft/ft	
Discharge	10.10 cfs	

Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	3.65
0+16	3.57
0+21	0.00
0+24	0.27
0+27	1.30

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient	
(0+00, 3.65)	(0+27, 1.30)	0.030	

Options			
Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method		
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method		
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method		
Results			
Normal Depth	12.3 in		
Roughness Coefficient	0.030		
Elevation	1.02 ft		
Elevation Range	0.0 to 3.7 ft		
Flow Area	4.1 ft ²		
Wetted Perimeter	6.8 ft		
Hydraulic Radius	7.2 in		
Top Width	6.33 ft		
Normal Depth	12.3 in		
Critical Depth	9.1 in		
Critical Slope	0.018 ft/ft		
Velocity	2.49 ft/s		
Velocity Head	0.10 ft		

1.12 ft

0.547

Subcritical

Specific Energy

Froude Number

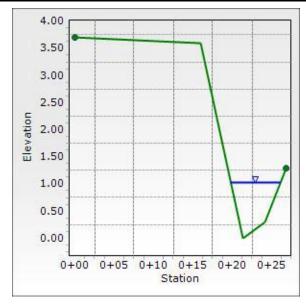
Flow Type

Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd North (DA10)

	<u>-</u>	
GVF Input Data		_
Downstream Depth	0.0 in	
Length	0.0 ft	
Number Of Steps	0	
GVF Output Data		
Upstream Depth	0.0 in	
Profile Description	N/A	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft	
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Normal Depth	12.3 in	
Critical Depth	9.1 in	
Channel Slope	0.005 ft/ft	
Critical Slope	0.018 ft/ft	

Cross Section for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd North (DA10)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.005 ft/ft	
Normal Depth	12.3 in	
Discharge	10.10 cfs	



Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd South (DA12)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Discharge .	3.60 cfs	

Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	1.32
0+19	0.99
0+24	0.00
0+28	0.16
0+36	2.98
0+46	2.81

Roughness Segment Definitions

	Rougille	ess segment Demintions		
Start Station		Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient	
(0+00, 1.32)		(0+46, 2.81)		0.030
Options				
Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method			
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method			
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method			
Results				
Normal Depth	6.7 in			
Roughness Coefficient	0.030			
Elevation	0.56 ft			
Elevation Range	0.0 to 3.0 ft			
Flow Area	2.7 ft ²			
Wetted Perimeter	7.5 ft			
Hydraulic Radius	4.2 in			

7.39 ft

6.7 in

4.3 in

0.022 ft/ft

1.36 ft/s

0.03 ft 0.59 ft

0.399

Subcritical

Top Width

Normal Depth

Critical Depth

Critical Slope

Velocity Head

Flow Type

Specific Energy Froude Number

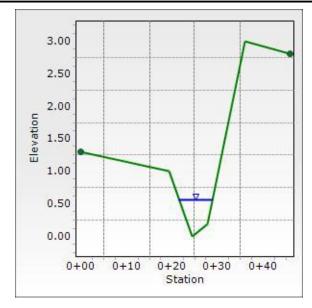
Velocity

Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd South (DA12)

-		-
GVF Input Data		
Downstream Depth	0.0 in	
Length	0.0 ft	
Number Of Steps	0	
GVF Output Data		
Upstream Depth	0.0 in	
Profile Description	N/A	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft	
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Normal Depth	6.7 in	
Critical Depth	4.3 in	
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Critical Slope	0.022 ft/ft	

Cross Section for Boyce Lawton and Old State Rd South (DA12)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Normal Depth	6.7 in	
Discharge	3.60 cfs	



Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and 1st St North (DA11)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Discharge	10.50 cfs	

Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	1.28
0+05	0.00
0+06	0.00
0+28	3.43
0+39	3.52

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient	
(0+00, 1.28)	(0+39, 3.52)	0.03	30

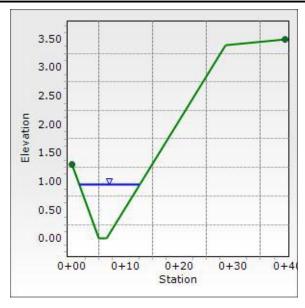
Options		
Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Results		
Normal Depth	11.4 in	
Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Elevation	0.95 ft	
Elevation Range	0.0 to 3.5 ft	
Flow Area	6.0 ft ²	
Wetted Perimeter	11.4 ft	
Hydraulic Radius	6.3 in	
Top Width	11.19 ft	
Normal Depth	11.4 in	
Critical Depth	7.7 in	
Critical Slope	0.019 ft/ft	
Velocity	1.76 ft/s	
Velocity Head	0.05 ft	
Specific Energy	1.00 ft	
Froude Number	0.426	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and 1st St North (DA11)

GVF Input Data		
Downstream Depth	0.0 in	
Length	0.0 ft	
Number Of Steps	0	
GVF Output Data		_
Upstream Depth	0.0 in	
Profile Description	N/A	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft	
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Normal Depth	11.4 in	
Critical Depth	7.7 in	
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Critical Slope	0.019 ft/ft	

Cross Section for Boyce Lawton and 1st St North (DA11)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.003 ft/ft	
Normal Depth	11.4 in	
Discharge	10.50 cfs	



Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and 1st St South (DA13)

Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.000 ft/ft	
Discharge .	2.80 cfs	

Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	3.26
0+07	0.17
0+08	0.00
0+16	1.36
0+30	2.11

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient	
(0+00, 3.26)	(0+30, 2.11)	0.030	

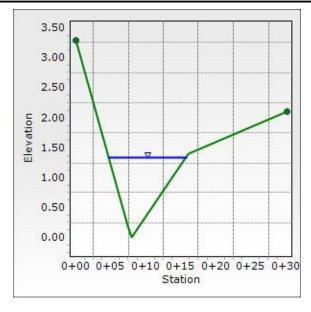
Options		
Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Results		
Normal Depth	16.0 in	
Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Elevation	1.33 ft	
Elevation Range	0.0 to 3.3 ft	
Flow Area	7.5 ft ²	
Wetted Perimeter	11.6 ft	
Hydraulic Radius	7.8 in	
Top Width	11.27 ft	
Normal Depth	16.0 in	
Critical Depth	5.8 in	
Critical Slope	0.022 ft/ft	
Velocity	0.37 ft/s	
Velocity Head	0.00 ft	
Specific Energy	1.33 ft	
Froude Number	0.080	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

Detailed Report for Boyce Lawton and 1st St South (DA13)

GVF Input Data		
Downstream Depth	0.0 in	
Length	0.0 ft	
Number Of Steps	0	
GVF Output Data		
Upstream Depth	0.0 in	
Profile Description	N/A	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft	
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s	
Normal Depth	16.0 in	
Critical Depth	5.8 in	
Channel Slope	0.000 ft/ft	
Critical Slope	0.022 ft/ft	

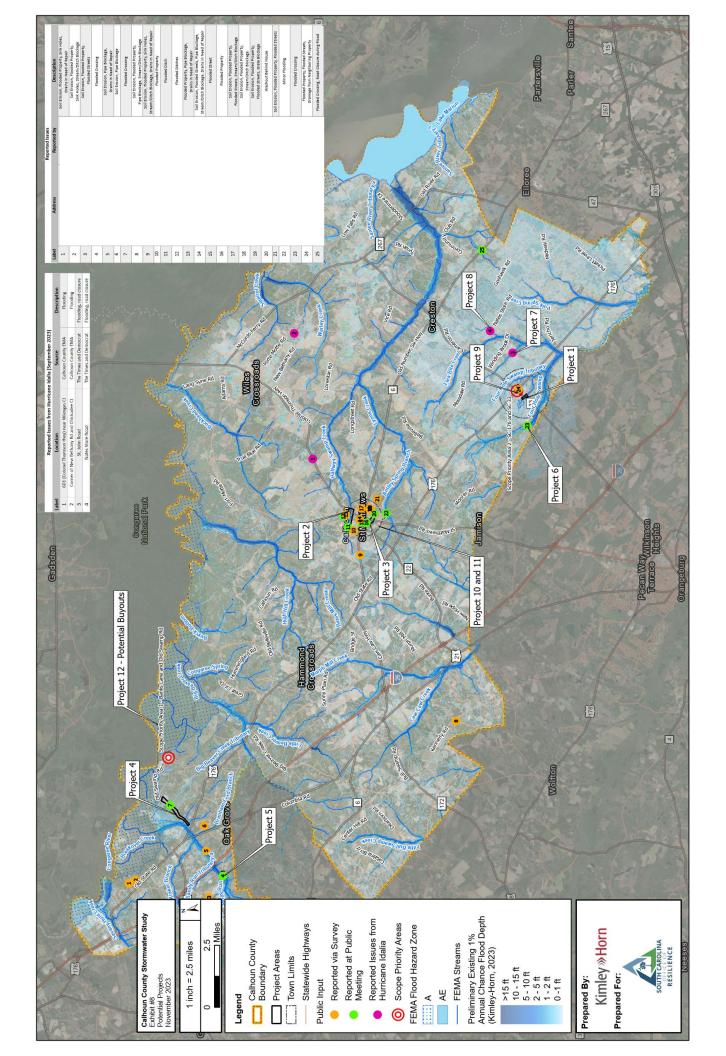
Cross Section for Boyce Lawton and 1st St South (DA13)

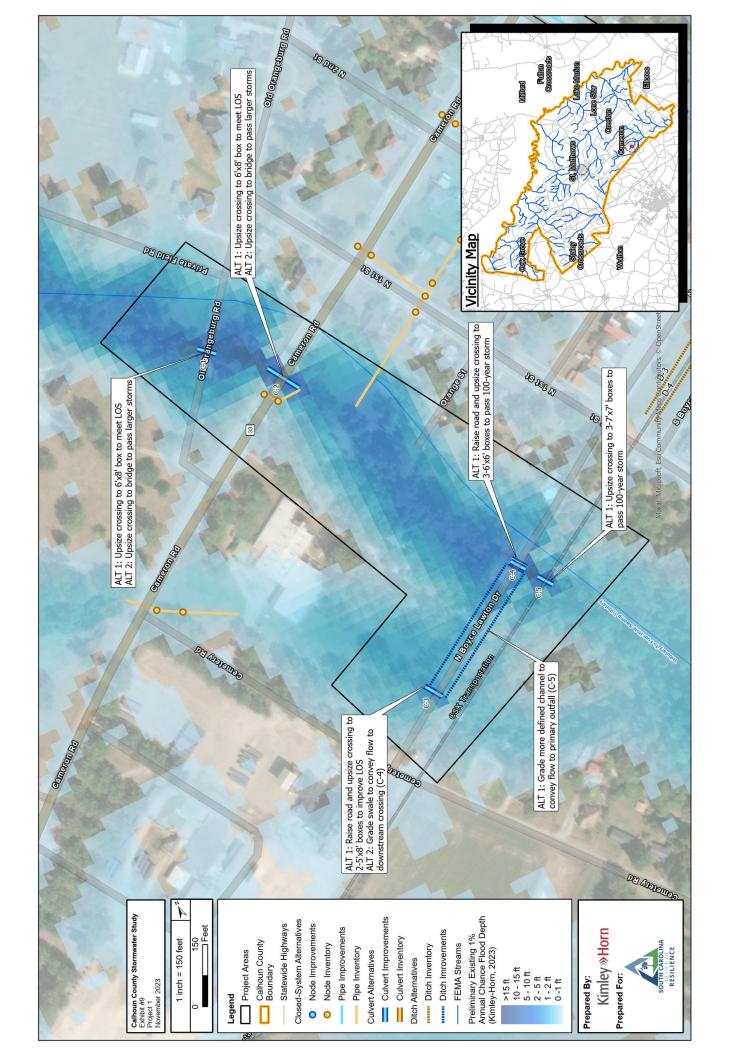
Project Description		
Friction Method	Manning Formula	
Solve For	Normal Depth	
Input Data		
Channel Slope	0.000 ft/ft	
Normal Depth	16.0 in	
Discharge	2.80 cfs	

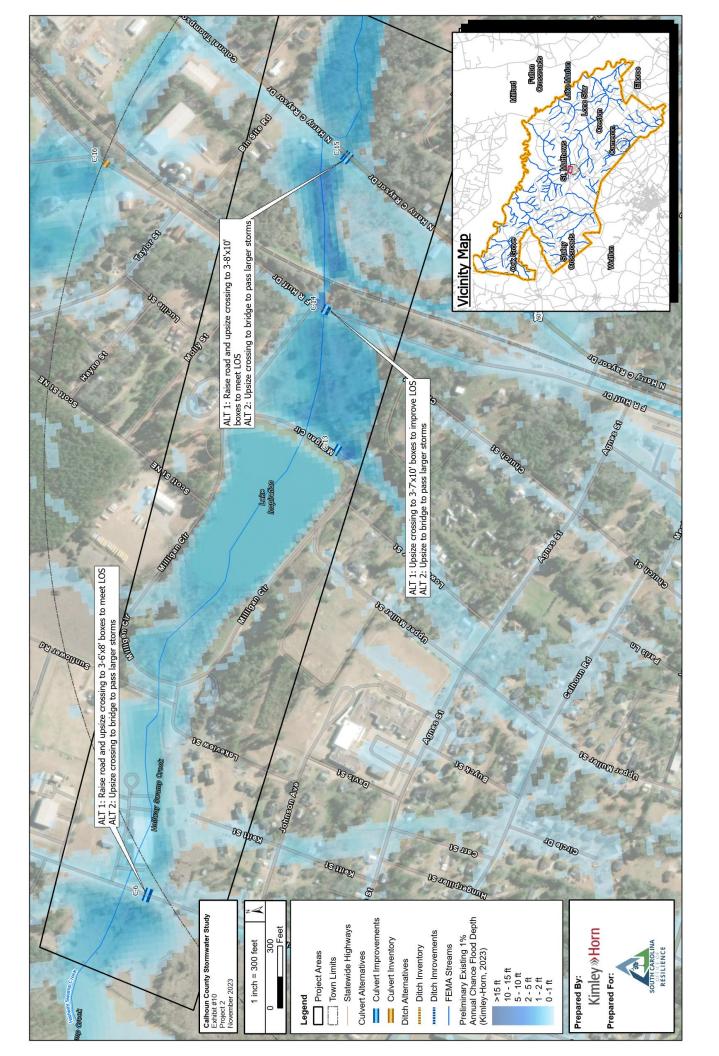


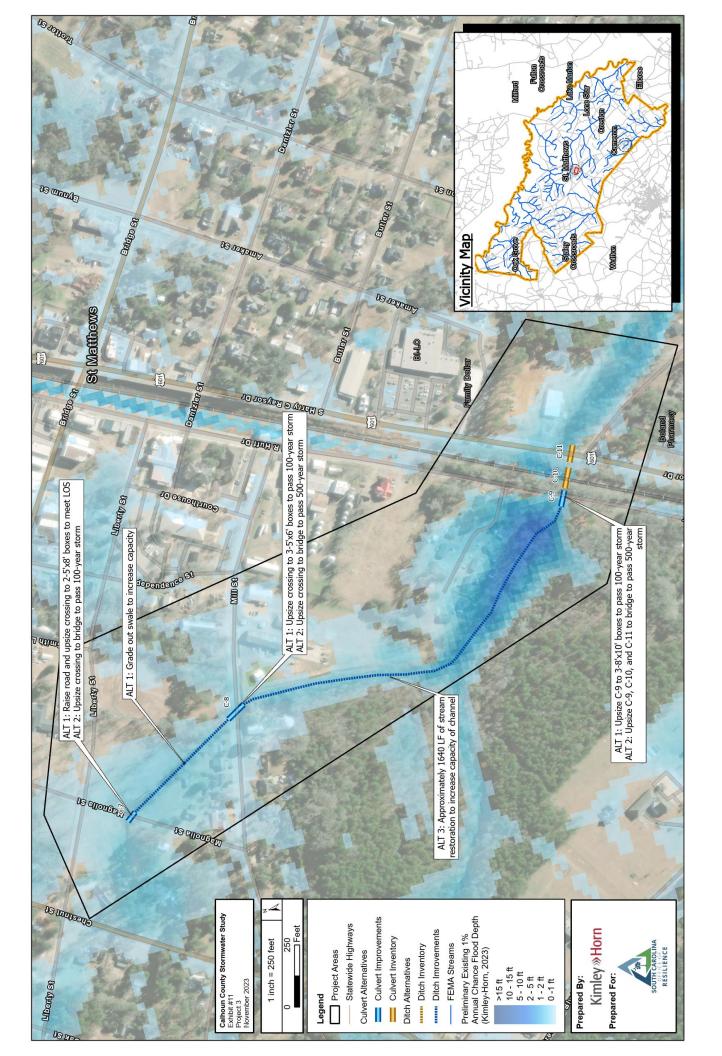
APPENDIX CPROJECT ALTERNATIVES

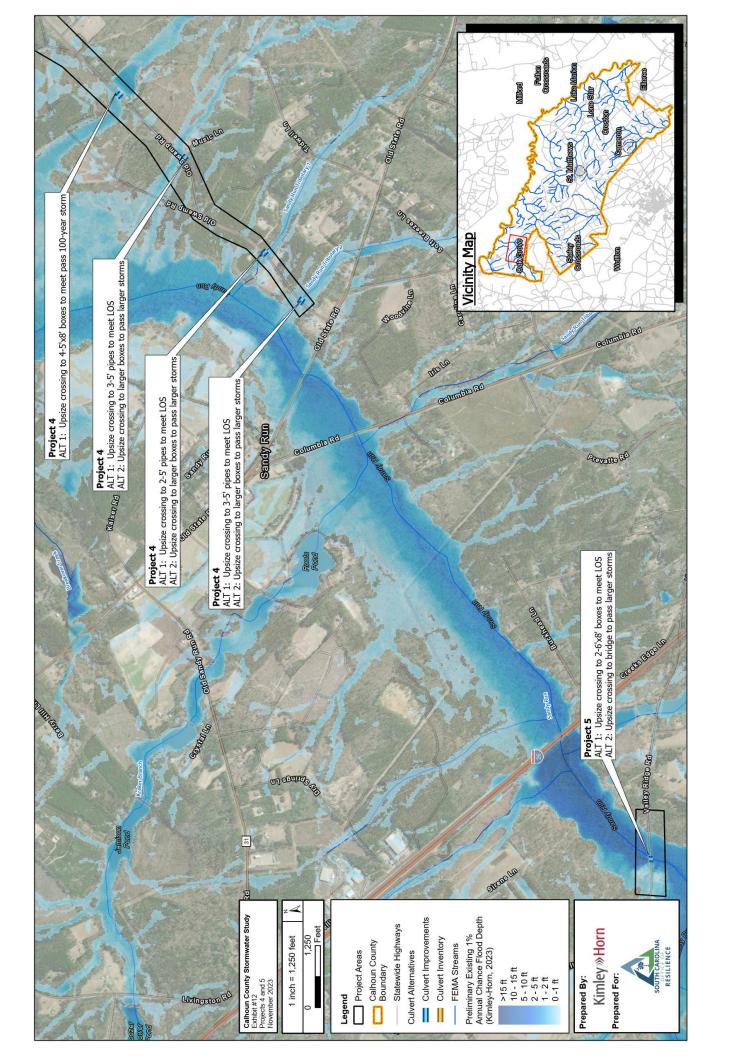




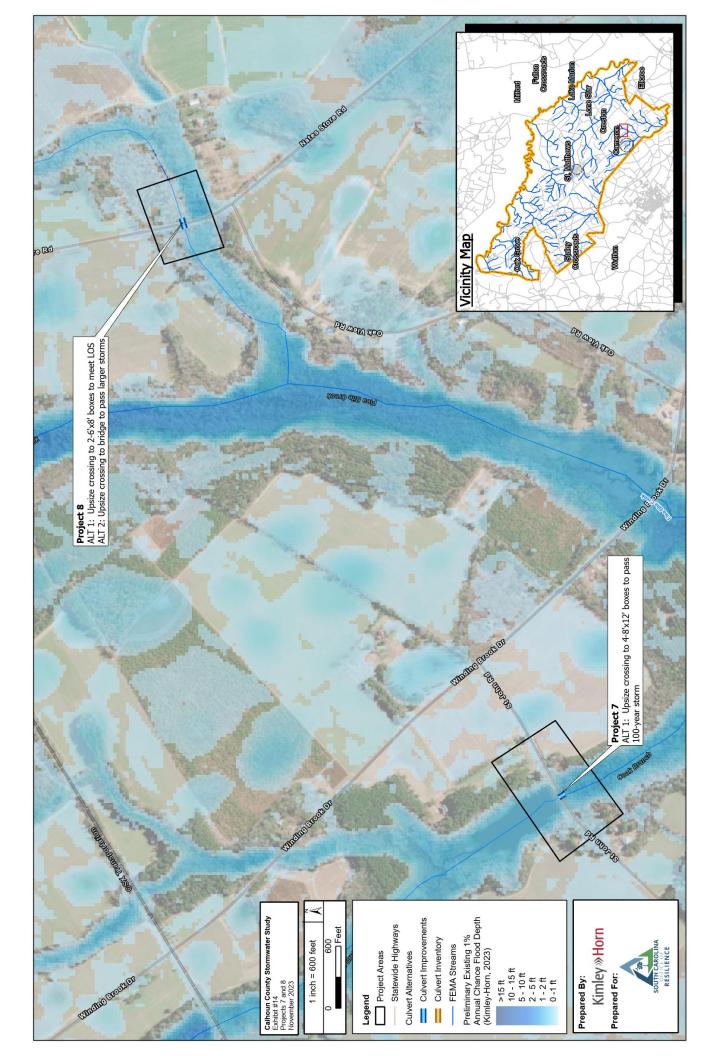


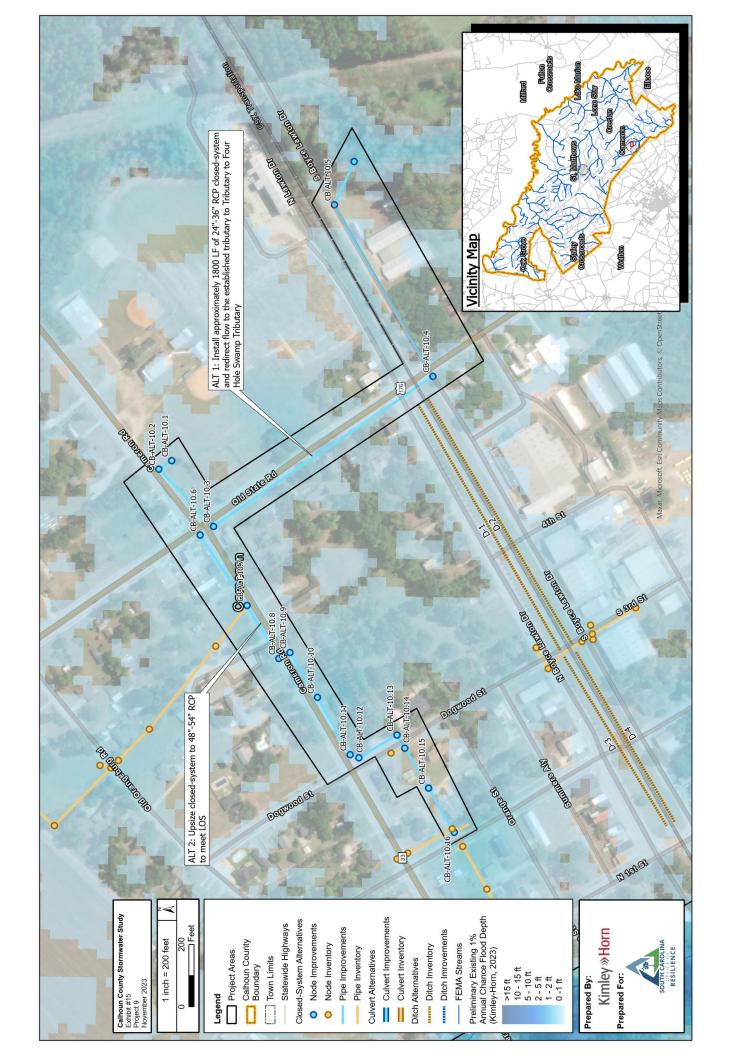


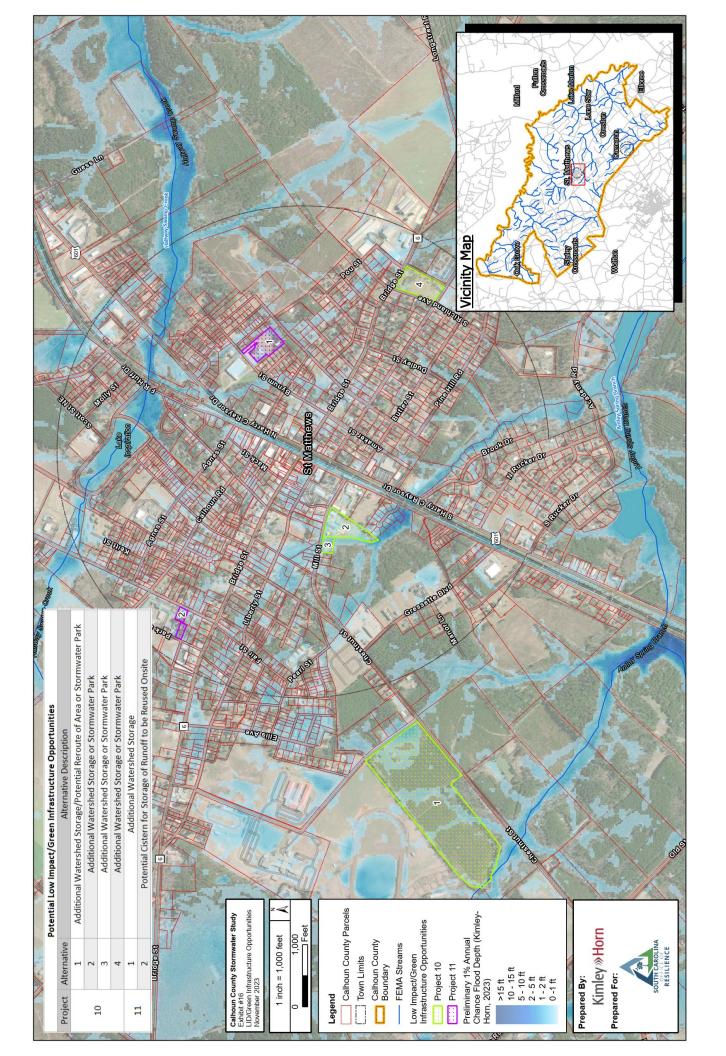


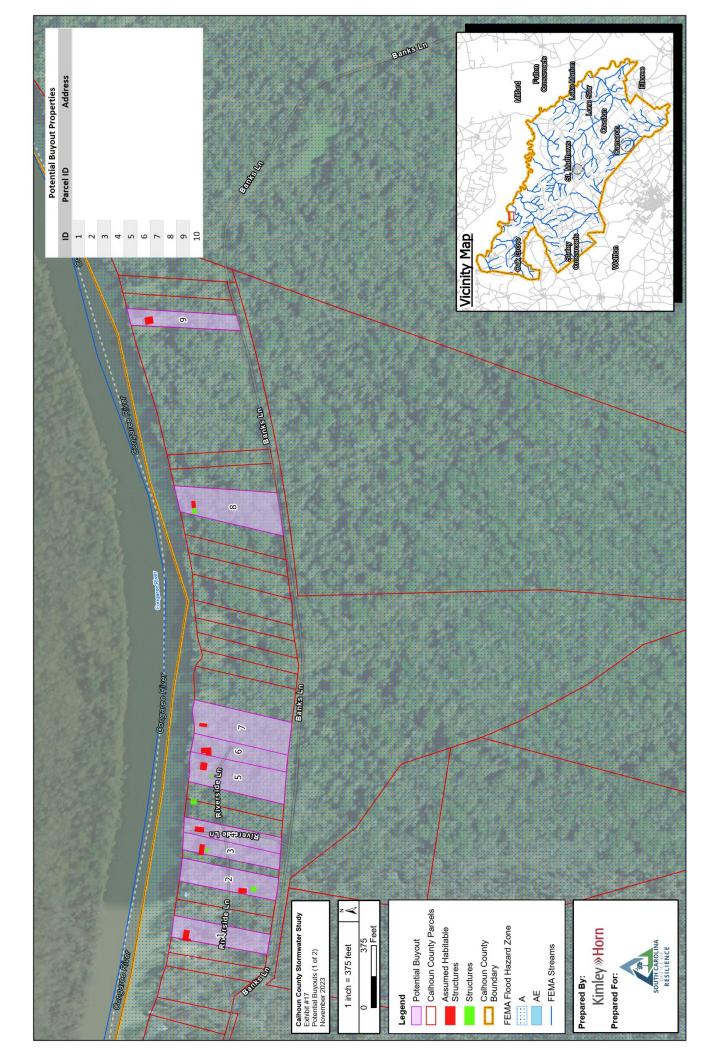


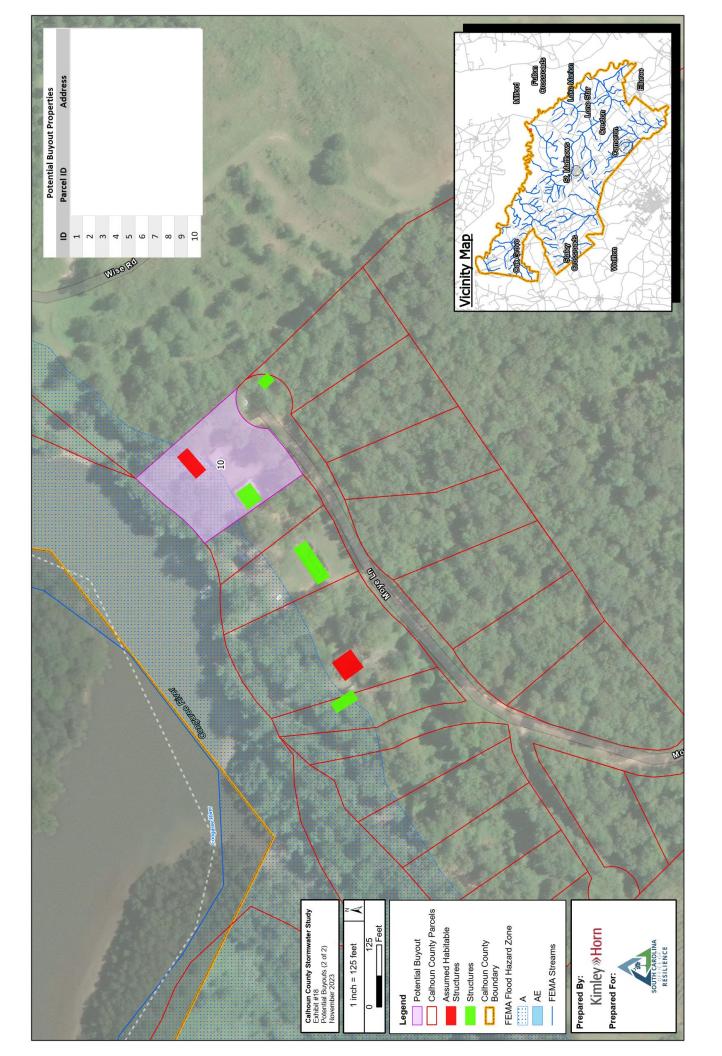












APPENDIX D

INDIVIDUAL PROJECT SCORING MATRICES AND OPCCS





PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 - CAMERON - ALT 1

		Maximim	3	SCOPING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNC		
CRITERIA	NCILINITION	MAXIII	ń	CORING SCALE DESCRIP IN	CNO	RACCE	NOTES
		Points	Low	Medium	High	COOK	22.00
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	8	Requires acquisition of railroad easements and permitting along drainage easements from multiple private land owners.
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		1	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	80	4 out of 5 crossings meet LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	12	5 out of 7 structures removed from the floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	8	Roads primarily cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	8	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	5	Many crossings in series
TOTAL SCOPE		400				60	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-1) ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$28,350
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	45	LF	\$30	\$1,350
DRAINAGE				\$40,500
8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	45	LF	\$900	\$40,500
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$68,900
INCIDENTALS				\$20,800
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,900	\$6,900
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,600	\$5,600
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,300	\$8,300
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,900	\$6,900
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$13,900
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,400	\$10,400
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,500	\$3,500
CONTINGENCY				\$20,700
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$20,700	\$20,700
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$131,200

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive bidding or market conditions. Opinions of probable costs provided herein are based on the information known to Consultant at this time and represent only the Consultant's judgment as a design professional familiar with the construction industry. The Consultant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from its opinions of probable costs.

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-2) ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$29,700
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	90	LF	\$30	\$2,700
DRAINAGE				\$81,000
8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	90	LF	\$900	\$81,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$110,700
INCIDENTALS				\$33,300
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,100	\$11,100
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,900	\$8,900
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,300	\$13,300
PPERTY ACQUISITION \$1				
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,100	\$11,100
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$22,300
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$16,700	\$16,700
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,600	\$5,600
CONTINGENCY				\$33,300
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$33,300	\$33,300
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$210,700

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive bidding or market conditions. Opinions of probable costs provided herein are based on the information known to Consultant at this time and represent only the Consultant's judgment as a design professional familiar with the construction industry. The Consultant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from its opinions of probable costs.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-3) ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$30,000
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	100	LF	\$30	\$3,000
DRAINAGE				\$100,000
8' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT	100	LF	\$1,000	\$100,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$130,000
INCIDENTALS				\$39,000
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,000	\$13,000
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,400	\$10,400
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,600	\$15,600
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$13,000
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,000	\$13,000
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$26,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$19,500	\$19,500
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,500	\$6,500
CONTINGENCY				\$39,000
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$39,000	\$39,000
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$247,000

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive bidding or market conditions. Opinions of probable costs provided herein are based on the information known to Consultant at this time and represent only the Consultant's judgment as a design professional familiar with the construction industry. The Consultant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from its opinions of probable costs.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-4) ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,600
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGI	E				\$88,560
	6' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	120	LF	\$738	\$88,560
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$119,200
INCIDENT	ALS				\$36,000
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,000	\$12,000
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,600	\$9,600
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,400	\$14,400
PROPERTY ACQUISITION \$1					\$12,000
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,000	\$12,000
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$23,900
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$17,900	\$17,900
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,000	\$6,000
CONTING	ENCY				\$35,800
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$35,800	\$35,800
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$226,900

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive bidding or market conditions. Opinions of probable costs provided herein are based on the information known to Consultant at this time and represent only the Consultant's judgment as a design professional familiar with the construction industry. The Consultant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from its opinions of probable costs.

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-5) ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$31,500
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	150	LF	\$30	\$4,500
DRAINAGI	E				\$225,000
	7' x 7' CONC. BOX CULVERT	150	LF	\$1,500	\$225,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$256,500
INCIDENT	ALS				\$77,100
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,700	\$25,700
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$20,600	\$20,600
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$30,800	\$30,800
PROPERTY ACQUISITION \$2					\$25,700
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,700	\$25,700
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$51,400
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$38,500	\$38,500
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,900	\$12,900
CONTING	ENCY				\$77,000
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$77,000	\$77,000
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$487,700

Notes:

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^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (DITCH) - ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$27,000
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
DRAINAGI					\$14,600
	DITCH EXCAVATION	365	LF	\$40	\$14,600
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$41,600
INCIDENT	ALS				\$12,600
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,200	\$4,200
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,400	\$3,400
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,000	\$5,000
PROPERTY ACQUISITION					\$4,200
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,200	\$4,200
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$8,400
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,300	\$6,300
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$2,100	\$2,100
CONTING	ENCY				\$12,500
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,500	\$12,500
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$79,300

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive bidding or market conditions. Opinions of probable costs provided herein are based on the information known to Consultant at this time and represent only the Consultant's judgment as a design professional familiar with the construction industry. The Consultant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from its opinions of probable costs.

Kimley » Horn



PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA
CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY

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A LINE	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOIES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	- ∞	Requires acquisition of railroad easements and permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low-to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	12	All crossings meet or exceed LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	10	5 out of 7 structures removed from the floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridges
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	2	Many crossings in series
TOTAL SCORE		100				99	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-1) - ALT 2 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$28,350
N	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
(CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
F	PIPE REMOVAL	45	LF	\$30	\$1,350
DRAINAGE					\$49,500
1	10' x 8' CONC. BOX CULVERT	45	LF	\$1,100	\$49,500
CONSTRUC	CTION SUBTOTAL				\$77,900
INCIDENTA	ALS				\$23,500
E	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,800	\$7,800
1	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,300	\$6,300
ι	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,400	\$9,400
PROPERTY	ROPERTY ACQUISITION \$				
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,800	\$7,800
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$15,600
E	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,700	\$11,700
(CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,900	\$3,900
CONTINGE	NCY				\$23,400
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$23,400	\$23,400
TOTAL CO	NSTRUCTION COST				\$148,200

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-2) ALT 2 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$29,700
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	90	LF	\$30	\$2,700
DRAINAG	E				\$35,000
	BRIDGE	140	LF	\$250	\$35,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$64,700
INCIDENT	ALS				\$19,500
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,500	\$6,500
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,200	\$5,200
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,800	\$7,800
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$6,500
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,500	\$6,500
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$13,100
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,800	\$9,800
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,300	\$3,300
CONTINGENCY					\$19,500
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$19,500	\$19,500
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$123,300

Notes:

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^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)

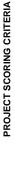


CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 1 (C-3) ALT 2 - TOWN OF CAMERON

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL	GENERAL				
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
DRAINAGI	E				\$3,400
	DITCH EXCAVATION	85	LF	\$40	\$3,400
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL \$30,400					
INCIDENTALS \$9,30					
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,100	\$3,100
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$2,500	\$2,500
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,700	\$3,700
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$3,100
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,100	\$3,100
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES					\$6,200
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,600	\$4,600
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$1,600	\$1,600
CONTINGENCY					\$9,200
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,200	\$9,200
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$58,200

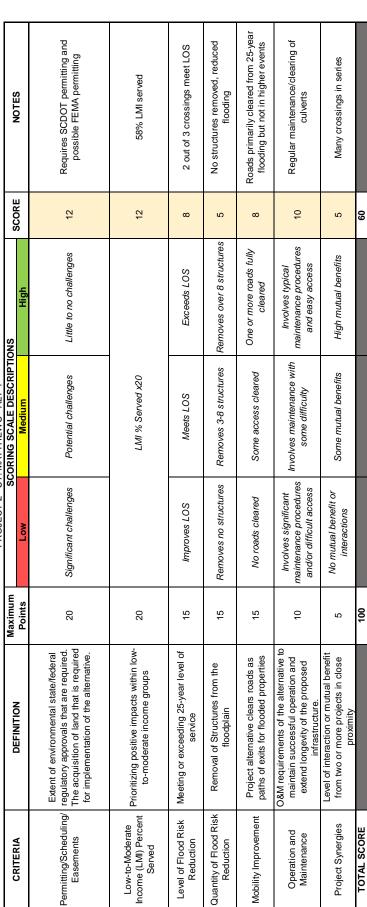
Notes:

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CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 - ST. MATTHEWS - ALT 1







OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-6) ALT 1- TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	195	LF	\$30	\$5,850
DRAINAGE				\$175,500
8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	195	LF	\$900	\$175,500
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$208,400
INCIDENTALS				\$62,700
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$20,900	\$20,900
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$16,700	\$16,700
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,100	\$25,100
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$20,900
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$20,900	\$20,900
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$41,800
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$31,300	\$31,300
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,500	\$10,500
CONTINGENCY				\$62,600
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$62,600	\$62,600
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$396,400

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-14) ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCI	RIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,600
MOBILIZATION		1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	}	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL		120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGE					\$120,000
10' x 7' CONC. BOX CULVERT		120	LF	\$1,000	\$120,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL					\$150,600
INCIDENTALS					\$45,300
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CO	NTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,100	\$15,100
TRAFFIC CONTROL		8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,100	\$12,100
UTILITY RELOCATION		12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,100	\$18,100
PROPERTY ACQUISITION					\$15,100
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CON	ISTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,100	\$15,100
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES					\$30,200
ENGINEERING DESIGN		15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,600	\$22,600
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEME	NT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,600	\$7,600
CONTINGENCY \$					\$45,200
CONTINGENCY		30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$45,200	\$45,200
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST					\$286,400

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-15) ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST	
GENERAL					
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000	
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000	
PIPE REMOVAL	165	LF	\$30	\$4,950	
DRAINAGE	DRAINAGE				
10' x 8' CONC. BOX CULVERT	165	LF	\$1,100	\$181,500	
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$213,500	
INCIDENTALS				\$64,200	
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$21,400	\$21,400	
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$17,100	\$17,100	
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,700	\$25,700	
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$21,400	
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASI	EMENT 10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$21,400	\$21,400	
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$42,800	
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$32,100	\$32,100	
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,700	\$10,700	
CONTINGENCY					
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$64,100	\$64,100	
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$406,000	

Notes:

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PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 - ST. MATTHEWS - ALT 2

		Maximum	os	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNO	T 000	C L H
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	12	Requires SCDOT permitting and possible FEMA permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		12	58% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	SO7 səvozdur	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	12	All crossings meet or exceed LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures removed, reduced flooding
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridges
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	2	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	2	Many crossings in series
TOTAL SCORE		100				99	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-6) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$32,850
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	195	LF	\$30	\$5,850
DRAINAGE				\$52,500
BRIDGE	210	SQ. FT	\$250	\$52,500
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$85,400
INCIDENTALS				\$25,800
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,600	\$8,600
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,900	\$6,900
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,300	\$10,300
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$8,600
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,600	\$8,600
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$17,200
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,900	\$12,900
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,300	\$4,300
CONTINGENCY				\$25,700
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,700	\$25,700
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$162,700

Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-14) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,600
MOBILIZA [*]	TION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRU	JCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REM	OVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGE					\$60,000
BRIDGE		240	LF	\$250	\$60,000
CONSTRUCTION SU	BTOTAL				\$90,600
INCIDENTALS					\$27,300
EROSION	AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,100	\$9,100
TRAFFIC (CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,300	\$7,300
UTILITY R	ELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,900	\$10,900
PROPERTY ACQUIS	ITION				\$9,100
DRAINAGI	E/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,100	\$9,100
DESIGN & CONSTRU	JCTION SERVICES				\$18,200
ENGINEER	RING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,600	\$13,600
CONSTRU	JCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,600	\$4,600
CONTINGENCY					\$27,200
CONTING	ENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$27,200	\$27,200
TOTAL CONSTRUCT	TON COST				\$172,400

Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 2 (C-15) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$31,950
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	165	LF	\$30	\$4,950
DRAINAGE				\$60,000
BRIDGE	240	LF	\$250	\$60,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$92,000
INCIDENTALS				\$27,700
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,200	\$9,200
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,400	\$7,400
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,100	\$11,100
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$9,200
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,200	\$9,200
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$18,400
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,800	\$13,800
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,600	\$4,600
CONTINGENCY				\$27,600
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$27,600	\$27,600
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST	_	_		\$174,900

Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.

Kimley » Horn

SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF RESILIENCE

PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 3 - ST. MATTHEWS - ALT 1

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VI GITTED I	NOFINE	Maximum	SC	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	ONS	1000	NOTES
CALLENIA	NOTINITED	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOI ES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	80	Requires acquisition of railroad easements and permitting, SCDOT permitting, and drainage easements from multiple private land owners.
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		8	39% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	12	All crossings meet or exceed LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures removed, reduced flooding
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	12	Roads are primarily cleared from 100- year flooding
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	5	Many crossings in series
TOTAL SCORE		100				09	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 3 (C-7) ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,000
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	100	LF	\$30	\$3,000
DRAINAGI	E				\$100,000
	8' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT	100	LF	\$1,000	\$100,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$130,000
INCIDENT	ALS				\$39,000
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,000	\$13,000
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,400	\$10,400
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,600	\$15,600
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$13,000
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,000	\$13,000
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$26,000
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$19,500	\$19,500
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,500	\$6,500
CONTING	ENCY				\$39,000
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$39,000	\$39,000
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$247,000

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 3 (SWALE) - ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$27,000
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
DRAINAGE				\$22,400
DITCH EXCAVATION	560	LF	\$40	\$22,400
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$49,400
INCIDENTALS				\$15,000
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,000	\$5,000
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,000	\$4,000
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,000	\$6,000
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$5,000
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,000	\$5,000
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$10,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,500	\$7,500
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$2,500	\$2,500
CONTINGENCY				\$14,900
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,900	\$14,900
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$94,300

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 3 (C-8) ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ON	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$35,100
MOBILIZATION		1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING		1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL		270	LF	\$30	\$8,100
DRAINAGE					\$189,000
6' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT		270	LF	\$700	\$189,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL					\$224,100
INCIDENTALS					\$67,400
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTRO	OL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,500	\$22,500
TRAFFIC CONTROL		8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,000	\$18,000
UTILITY RELOCATION		12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$26,900	\$26,900
PROPERTY ACQUISITION					\$22,500
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRI	UCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,500	\$22,500
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES					\$45,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN		15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$33,700	\$33,700
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT		5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,300	\$11,300
CONTINGENCY					\$67,300
CONTINGENCY		30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$67,300	\$67,300
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST	_	_	_		\$426,300

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 3 (C-9) ALT 1 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$32,850
MOB	BILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CON	ISTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE	REMOVAL	195	LF	\$30	\$5,850
DRAINAGE					\$214,500
10' x	8' CONC. BOX CULVERT	195	LF	\$1,100	\$214,500
CONSTRUCTIO	ON SUBTOTAL				\$247,400
INCIDENTALS					\$74,300
ERO	SION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$24,800	\$24,800
TRA	FFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$19,800	\$19,800
UTIL	LITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$29,700	\$29,700
PROPERTY AC	QUISITION				\$24,800
DRA	INAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$24,800	\$24,800
DESIGN & CON	NSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$49,600
ENG	SINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$37,200	\$37,200
CON	ISTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,400	\$12,400
CONTINGENCY	Υ				\$74,300
CON	ITINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$74,300	\$74,300
TOTAL CONST	RUCTION COST				\$470,400

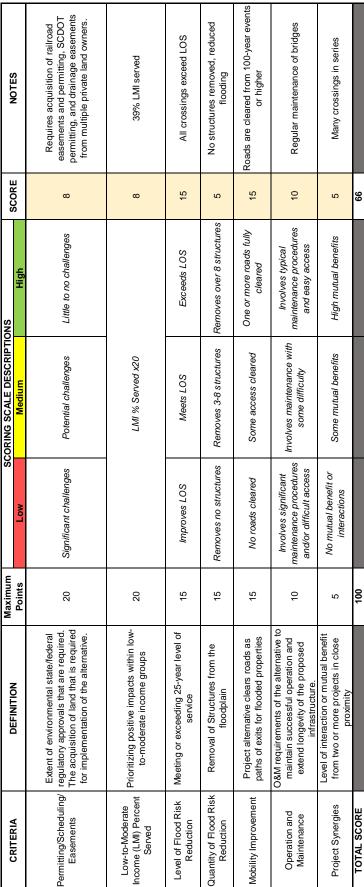
Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



Kimley » Horn

CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 3 - ST. MATTHEWS - ALT 2







OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 3 (C-7) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,000
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	100	LF	\$30	\$3,000
DRAINAG	E				\$22,500
	BRIDGE	90	SQ. FT	\$250	\$22,500
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$52,500
INCIDENT	ALS				\$15,800
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,300	\$5,300
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,200	\$4,200
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,300	\$6,300
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$5,300
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,300	\$5,300
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$10,600
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,900	\$7,900
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$2,700	\$2,700
CONTING	ENCY				\$15,800
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,800	\$15,800
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$100,000

Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 3 (C-8) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$35,100
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	270	LF	\$30	\$8,100
DRAINAGE				\$52,000
BRIDGE	208	LF	\$250	\$52,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$87,100
INCIDENTALS				\$26,300
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,800	\$8,800
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,000	\$7,000
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,500	\$10,500
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$8,800
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,800	\$8,800
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$17,500
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,100	\$13,100
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,400	\$4,400
CONTINGENCY				\$26,200
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$26,200	\$26,200
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$165,900

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY

PROJECT 3 (C-9,C-10,C-11) ALT 2 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$32,850
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	195	LF	\$30	\$5,850
DRAINAGI	E				\$80,000
	BRIDGE	320	LF	\$250	\$80,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$112,900
INCIDENT	ALS				\$34,000
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,300	\$11,300
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,100	\$9,100
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,600	\$13,600
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$11,300
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,300	\$11,300
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$22,700
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$17,000	\$17,000
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,700	\$5,700
CONTING	ENCY				\$33,900
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$33,900	\$33,900
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$214,800

Notes:

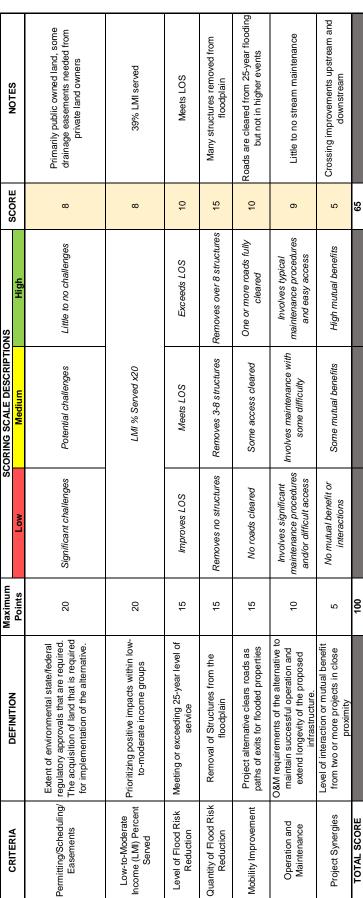
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Kimley » Horn

CALHOUN COUNTY STORMW ATER STUDY PROJECT 3 - ST. MATTHEWS - ALT 3









OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY

PROJECT 3 (STREAM RESTORATION) ALT 3 - TOWN OF ST. MATTHEWS

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$27,000
MOBILIZATION		1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTIO	N SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
DRAINAGE					\$156,564
EARTHWORK		1,640	LF	\$40	\$65,600
EROSION CON	FROL STREAM RESTORATION	1	LS	\$65,313	\$65,313
PLANTING		1	LS	\$25,651	\$25,651
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOT	AL				\$183,600
INCIDENTALS					\$36,800
TRAFFIC CONT	ROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,700	\$14,700
UTILITY RELOC	ATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,100	\$22,100
PROPERTY ACQUISITION					\$18,400
DRAINAGE/TEN	PORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,400	\$18,400
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTIO	N SERVICES				\$36,800
ENGINEERING	DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$27,600	\$27,600
CONSTRUCTIO	N MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,200	\$9,200
CONTINGENCY					\$55,100
CONTINGENCY		30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$55,100	\$55,100
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION (COST			_	\$330,700

Notes:

The Consultant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices or over competitive



PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 - SANDY RUN - ALT 1

		A.M	+ 1030011	TOTAL	014		
CRITERIA	NCITINITION	Maximum)s	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNS	A COS	NOTES
		Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	16	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with FEMA permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		8	41% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	10	All crossings meet LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	2	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	3	Multiple culvert improvements along same road
TOTAL SCORE		100				62	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.1) ALT 1 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$32,040
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	168	LF	\$30	\$5,040
DRAINAGI	E				\$8,400
	60" CONC. PIPE	168	LF	\$50	\$8,400
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$40,500
INCIDENT	ALS				\$12,300
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,100	\$4,100
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,300	\$3,300
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,900	\$4,900
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$4,100
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,100	\$4,100
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$8,200
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,100	\$6,100
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$2,100	\$2,100
CONTING	ENCY				\$12,200
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,200	\$12,200
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$77,300

Notes:

^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.2) ALT 1 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,240
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	108	LF	\$30	\$3,240
DRAINAGI	E				\$54,000
	60" CONC. PIPE	108	LF	\$500	\$54,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$84,300
INCIDENT	ALS				\$25,500
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,500	\$8,500
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,800	\$6,800
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,200	\$10,200
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$8,500
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,500	\$8,500
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$17,000
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,700	\$12,700
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,300	\$4,300
CONTING	ENCY				\$25,300
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,300	\$25,300
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$160,600

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.3) ALT 1 - SANDY RUN

DES	CRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$31,950
MOBILIZATION		1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYI	NG	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL		165	LF	\$30	\$4,950
DRAINAGE					\$82,500
60" CONC. PIPE		165	LF	\$500	\$82,500
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL					\$114,500
INCIDENTALS					\$34,500
EROSION AND SEDIMENT (CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,500	\$11,500
TRAFFIC CONTROL		8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,200	\$9,200
UTILITY RELOCATION		12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,800	\$13,800
PROPERTY ACQUISITION					\$11,500
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CO	ONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,500	\$11,500
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICE	s				\$23,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN		15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$17,200	\$17,200
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEI	MENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,800	\$5,800
CONTINGENCY					\$34,400
CONTINGENCY		30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$34,400	\$34,400
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST					\$217,900

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.4) ALT 1 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$34,200
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	240	LF	\$30	\$7,200
DRAINAGI	E				\$240,000
	8' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT	240	LF	\$1,000	\$240,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$274,200
INCIDENT	ALS				\$82,500
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$27,500	\$27,500
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,000	\$22,000
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$33,000	\$33,000
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$27,500
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$27,500	\$27,500
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$55,000
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$41,200	\$41,200
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,800	\$13,800
CONTING	ENCY				\$82,300
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$82,300	\$82,300
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$521,500

Notes:

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PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 - SANDY RUN - ALT 2

		Maximum	os	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNS		
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	16	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with FEMA permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		80	41% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	15	All crossings exceed LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	15	Roads are cleared from 100-year event
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	е	Multiple culvert improvements along same road
TOTAL SCORE		100				72	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.1) ALT 2 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,360
		1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	112	LF	\$30	\$3,360
DRAINAGI	E				\$100,800
	8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	112	LF	\$900	\$100,800
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$131,200
INCIDENT	ALS				\$39,500
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,200	\$13,200
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,500	\$10,500
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,800	\$15,800
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$13,200
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,200	\$13,200
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$26,300
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$19,700	\$19,700
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,600	\$6,600
CONTING	ENCY				\$39,400
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$39,400	\$39,400
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$249,600

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.2) ALT 2 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,240
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	108	LF	\$30	\$3,240
DRAINAGI	E				\$75,600
	6' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT	108	LF	\$700	\$75,600
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$105,900
INCIDENT	ALS				\$31,900
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,600	\$10,600
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,500	\$8,500
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,800	\$12,800
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$10,600
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,600	\$10,600
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$21,200
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,900	\$15,900
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$5,300	\$5,300
CONTING	ENCY				\$31,800
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$31,800	\$31,800
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST		_		\$201,400

Notes:

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OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 4 (4.3) ALT 2 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$31,950
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	165	LF	\$30	\$4,950
DRAINAGI	E				\$115,500
	6' x 5' CONC. BOX CULVERT	165	LF	\$700	\$115,500
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$147,500
INCIDENT	ALS				\$44,300
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,800	\$14,800
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,800	\$11,800
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$17,700	\$17,700
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$14,800
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,800	\$14,800
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$29,600
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,200	\$22,200
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,400	\$7,400
CONTING	ENCY				\$44,300
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$44,300	\$44,300
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$280,500

Notes:

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PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 5 - SANDY RUN - ALT 1

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ALGERIA	NOILINIES	Maximum	os	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNC	10000	SHON
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCURE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	41	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		8	41% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	10	Meets LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longewity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	2	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	-	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				28	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 5 - ALT 1 - SANDY RUN

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$30,600
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGI	E				\$108,000
	8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	120	LF	\$900	\$108,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$138,600
INCIDENT	ALS				\$41,700
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,900	\$13,900
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,100	\$11,100
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$16,700	\$16,700
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$13,900
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$13,900	\$13,900
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$27,800
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$20,800	\$20,800
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,000	\$7,000
CONTING	ENCY				\$41,600
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$41,600	\$41,600
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$263,600

Notes:

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PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STI PROJECT 5 - SANDY RUN - ALT 2

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CHIENIA	DELINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Exent of environmental state/federal Permitting/Scheduling/ regulatory approvals that are required. Easements The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	41	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		8	41% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	SO7 speecx3	15	Exceeds LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	12	Roads are primarily cleared from 100- year event
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridge
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	S	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	-	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				65	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 5 - ALT 2 - SANDY RUN

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$30,600
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGE				\$43,750
BRIDGE	175	LF	\$250	\$43,750
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$74,400
INCIDENTALS				\$22,500
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,500	\$7,500
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,000	\$6,000
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,000	\$9,000
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$7,500
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EA	SEMENT 10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$7,500	\$7,500
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$15,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$11,200	\$11,200
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$3,800	\$3,800
CONTINGENCY				\$22,400
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,400	\$22,400
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$141,800

Notes:

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Kimley » Horn



PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA
CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 6 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 1

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VI GULLIO	NOILINIBER	Maximum	38	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNO	3000	SELON
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCURE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal Permitting/Scheduling/ regulatory approvals that are required. Easements The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	10	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT and FEMA permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	10	Meets LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	1	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				22	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 6- ALT 1 - CALHOUN COUNTY

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$30,600
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGE				\$156,000
12' x 8' CONC. BOX CULVERT	120	LF	\$1,300	\$156,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$186,600
INCIDENTALS				\$56,100
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,700	\$18,700
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$15,000	\$15,000
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,400	\$22,400
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$18,700
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,700	\$18,700
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$37,400
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$28,000	\$28,000
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,400	\$9,400
CONTINGENCY				\$56,000
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$56,000	\$56,000
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$354,800

Notes:

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Kimley » Horn



PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 6 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 2

			PROJECT 6 - CAL	PROJECT 6 - CALHOUN COUNTT - ALL 2			
AIGH	NOILINIDE	Maximum	၁ၭ	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SN	10000	SELON
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCURE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal Permitting/Scheduling/ regulatory approvals that are required. Easements The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	10	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT and FEMA permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	15	Exceeds LOS
Quantity of Hood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	5	No structures in floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	12	Roads are primarily cleared from 100- year event
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridge
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	2	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	-	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				64	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 6- ALT 2 - CALHOUN COUNTY

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$30,600
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	120	LF	\$30	\$3,600
DRAINAGE				\$52,500
BRIDGE	210	SQ. FT	\$250	\$52,500
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$83,100
INCIDENTALS				\$25,100
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,400	\$8,400
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,700	\$6,700
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$10,000	\$10,000
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$8,400
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,400	\$8,400
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$16,700
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,500	\$12,500
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,200	\$4,200
CONTINGENCY				\$25,000
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$25,000	\$25,000
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$158,300

Notes:

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Kimley » Horn



PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA
CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 7 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 1

			PROJECT 7 - CALI	PROJECT 7 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 1			RESILIENCE
VI GUL	NOIFINIBLE	Maximum	08	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNS	1000	SHOW
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal Permitting/Scheduling/ regulatory approvals that are required. Easements The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	12	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	15	Exceeds LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	8	1 of 2 structures removed from floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	15	Roads are cleared from 100-year flooding
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridge
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	22	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	_	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				72	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 7 - ALT 1 - CALHOUN COUNTY

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL					\$33,000
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
	PIPE REMOVAL	200	LF	\$30	\$6,000
DRAINAGI	E				\$260,000
	12' x 8' CONC. BOX CULVERT	200	LF	\$1,300	\$260,000
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$293,000
INCIDENT	ALS				\$88,000
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$29,300	\$29,300
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$23,500	\$23,500
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$35,200	\$35,200
PROPERT	Y ACQUISITION				\$29,300
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$29,300	\$29,300
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$58,700
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$44,000	\$44,000
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,700	\$14,700
CONTING	ENCY				\$87,900
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$87,900	\$87,900
TOTAL CO	DINSTRUCTION COST				\$556,900

Notes:

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Kimley » Horn

PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA
CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 8 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 1



			PROJECT 8 - CALH	PROJECT 8 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 1			RESILIENCE
AIGHTIGO	NOILINIBER	Maximum	os	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNC	10000	SHOW
CALLENIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCORE	NOTES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	16	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		6	45% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	SO7 speepx3	10	Meets LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	8	1 of 2 structures removed from floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Roads are cleared from 25-year flooding but not in higher events
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance/clearing of culverts
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	1	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				64	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)

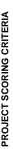


CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 8 - ALT 1 - CALHOUN COUNTY

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$30,000
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	100	LF	\$30	\$3,000
DRAINAGE				\$90,000
8' x 6' CONC. BOX CULVERT	100	LF	\$900	\$90,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$120,000
INCIDENTALS				\$36,000
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,000	\$12,000
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,600	\$9,600
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$14,400	\$14,400
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$12,000
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,000	\$12,000
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$24,000
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$18,000	\$18,000
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,000	\$6,000
CONTINGENCY				\$36,000
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$36,000	\$36,000
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$228,000

Notes:

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Kimley » Horn

PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA
CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY
PROJECT 8 - CAI HOUN COUNTY - AT 2



			PROJECT 8 - CALI	PROJECT 8 - CALHOUN COUNTY - ALT 2			RESILIENCE
VI GUITIGO	NOIEMBE	Maximum	S	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	ONS	1000	SHOW
A LINE	DEL INTEGRA	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCONE	NOI ES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	16	Requires acquisition of drainage easements from some private land owners along with SCDOT permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		6	45% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	12	Exceeds LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	10	2 of 2 structures removed from the floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	7	Roads are cleared from 100-year event
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	10	Regular maintenance of bridge
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	1	No other projects in proximity
TOTAL SCORE		100				92	



OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 8 - ALT 2 - CALHOUN COUNTY

	DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST		
GENERAL					\$30,000		
	MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000		
	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000		
	PIPE REMOVAL	100	LF	\$30	\$3,000		
DRAINAGI	E				\$52,000		
	BRIDGE	208	SQ. FT	\$250	\$52,000		
CONSTRU	ICTION SUBTOTAL				\$82,000		
INCIDENT	ALS				\$24,700		
	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,200	\$8,200		
	TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$6,600	\$6,600		
	UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$9,900	\$9,900		
PROPERTY ACQUISITION							
	DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$8,200	\$8,200		
DESIGN &	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$16,400		
	ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$12,300	\$12,300		
	CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$4,100	\$4,100		
CONTING	ENCY				\$24,600		
	CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$24,600	\$24,600		
TOTAL CO	DNSTRUCTION COST				\$155,900		

Notes:

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*Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.



Kimley≫Horn	rn		PROJECT SC CALHOUN COUNTY PROJECT 9 - CAMERO	PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 9 - CAMERON CLOSED SYSTEM - ALT 1			SOUTH CAROLINA RESILIENCE
ALGERIA	NOILINISIS	Maximum	S	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SN	19000	NOTES
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCURE	NOLES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	8	Requires acquisition of easments from private land owners along with SCDOT and railroad permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	10	Meets LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	8	Removes some structures from floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	10	Clears Old State Road partially
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longevity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	3	Difficult to access underground stormwater structures
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	5	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	2	Benefits of new closed system in addition to existing system
TOTAL SCORE		100				52	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 9 - ALT 1 - TOWN OF CAMERON

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$121,800
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	3060	LF	\$30	\$91,800
REMOVE EXISTING STRUCTURE	3	EA	\$1,000	\$3,000
DRAINAGE				\$333,000
24" CONC. PIPE	900	LF	\$145	\$130,500
36" CONC. PIPE	900	LF	\$215	\$193,500
DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	3	EA	\$3,000	\$9,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$454,800
INCIDENTALS				\$136,500
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$45,500	\$45,500
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$36,400	\$36,400
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$54,600	\$54,600
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$45,500
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$45,500	\$45,500
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$91,100
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$68,300	\$68,300
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$22,800	\$22,800
CONTINGENCY				\$136,500
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$136,500	\$136,500
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$864,400

Notes:

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 $^{^{\}star}$ Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.

Kimley » Horn

PROJECT SCORING CRITERIA CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 9 - CAMERON CLOSED SYSTEM - ALT 2

			PROJECT 9 - CAMERO	PROJECT 9 - CAMERON CLOSED SYSTEM - ALT 2			RESILIENCE
ALGERIA	NOILINIES	Maximum	08	SCORING SCALE DESCRIPTIONS	SNC	10000	SHOW
CRITERIA	DEFINITION	Points	Low	Medium	High	SCURE	NOT ES
Permitting/Scheduling/ Easements	Extent of environmental state/federal regulatory approvals that are required. The acquisition of land that is required for implementation of the alternative.	20	Significant challenges	Potential challenges	Little to no challenges	8	Requires acquisition of easments from private land owners along with SCDOT and railroad permitting
Low-to-Moderate Income (LMI) Percent Served	Prioritizing positive impacts within low- to-moderate income groups	20		LMI % Served x20		11	52% LMI served
Level of Flood Risk Reduction	Meeting or exceeding 25-year level of service	15	Improves LOS	Meets LOS	Exceeds LOS	15	Exceeds LOS
Quantity of Flood Risk Reduction	Removal of Structures from the floodplain	15	Removes no structures	Removes 3-8 structures	Removes over 8 structures	12	Removes many structures throughout Cameron from floodplain
Mobility Improvement	Project alternative clears roads as paths of exits for flooded properties	15	No roads cleared	Some access cleared	One or more roads fully cleared	15	Clears Old State Road and Cameron Road intersection
Operation and Maintenance	O&M requirements of the alternative to maintain successful operation and extend longewity of the proposed infrastructure.	10	Involves significant maintenance procedures and/or difficult access	Involves maintenance with some difficulty	Involves typical maintenance procedures and easy access	3	Difficult to access underground stormwater structures
Project Synergies	Level of interaction or mutual benefit from two or more projects in close proximity	2	No mutual benefit or interactions	Some mutual benefits	High mutual benefits	4	Benefits from upsizing several pipes at once
TOTAL SCORE		100				89	





OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (OPCC)



CALHOUN COUNTY STORMWATER STUDY PROJECT 9 - ALT 2 - TOWN OF CAMERON

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
GENERAL				\$74,500
MOBILIZATION	1	LS	\$11,000	\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING	1	LS	\$16,000	\$16,000
PIPE REMOVAL	1,250	LF	\$30	\$37,500
REMOVE EXISTING STRUCTURE	10	EA	\$1,000	\$10,000
DRAINAGE				\$486,250
48" CONC. PIPE	625	LF	\$310	\$193,750
54" CONC. PIPE	625	LF	\$420	\$262,500
DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	10	EA	\$3,000	\$30,000
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL				\$560,800
INCIDENTALS				\$168,300
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$56,100	\$56,100
TRAFFIC CONTROL	8%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$44,900	\$44,900
UTILITY RELOCATION	12%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$67,300	\$67,300
PROPERTY ACQUISITION				\$56,100
DRAINAGE/TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEI	MENT 10%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$56,100	\$56,100
DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SERVICES				\$112,300
ENGINEERING DESIGN	15%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$84,200	\$84,200
CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	5%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$28,100	\$28,100
CONTINGENCY				\$168,300
CONTINGENCY	30%	% OF CN SUBTOTAL	\$168,300	\$168,300
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$1,065,800

Notes:

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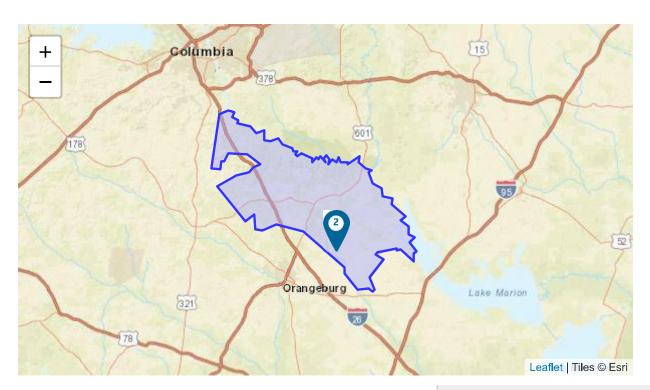
^{*}Cost of real estate acquisition assumes majority of required easements will be donated by the property owner.

APPENDIX EBENEFIT-COST ANALYSIS REPORTS



Benefit-Cost Analysis

Project Name: Project 1 (Town of Cameron Culverts) - ALT 1



				Using	7% Discount Rate			ng 3% Discount Ra BRIC and FMA or	
Map Marker	Mitigation Title	Property Type	Hazard	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)
1	Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina		DFA - Infrastructure Failure	\$ 246,895	\$ 1,410,401	0.18	\$ 460,305	\$ 1,434,260	0.32
2	Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030		DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 8,932,486	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 16,500,434	\$ O	0.00
TOTAL (S	ELECTED)			\$ 9,179,381	S 1,410,401	6.51	\$ 16,960,739	\$ 1,434,260	11.83
TOTAL				\$ 9,179,381	S 1,410,401	6.51	\$ 16,960,739	\$ 1,434,260	11.83

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina
Property Location:	29030, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.55795000000006, -80.7150299999996
Hazard Type:	Infrastructure Failure
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Roads & Bridges
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina	
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$1,382,800
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$2,000

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damag Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina	ge Frequency Assessment
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023
Year Property was Built:	1950
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes

ads and Bridges Properties ner @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina	
Estimated Number of One-Way Traffic Detour Trips per Day:	900
Additional Time per One-Way Detour Trip (minutes):	10.6
Number of Additional Miles:	3.6
Federal Rate (\$):	0.655 Use Default:Yes
Economic Loss Per Day of Loss of Function (\$):	8,083.11

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Number of Trips:

Determined from SCDOT traffic data and the SCDOT Roadway Information System

•

Time per Trip:

Assumed/calculated using detour time and posted speed limits

•

Number of Miles:

Difference in distance of standard traffic route and detour route from a given point to another given point

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	0	0	0	0	0	8,083
25	3	0	0	0	0	0	24,249
50	5	0	0	0	0	0	40,416
100	7	1,382,800	0	0	0	0	1,439,382

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Assumed the loss of function as well as complete infrastructure failure and cost to implement the proposed project in the 100-year event.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
8,083	840
24,249	626
40,416	2,412
1,439,382	14,394
Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
1,512,130	18,272
	8,083 24,249 40,416 1,439,382 Sum Damages and Losses (\$)

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
50	1	0	0	0	0		8,083
100	3	0	0	0	0	0	24,249
	L		L		L	L	L

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce road flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
50	8,083	140
100	24,249	242
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	32,332	382

Benefits-Costs Summary Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina		
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$246,895	
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$246,895	
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$1,410,401	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0.18	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0.18	

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030
Property Location:	29030, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.55773998590081, -80.71677195872961
Hazard Type:	Riverine Flood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030				
Project Useful Life (years):	50			
Project Cost:	\$0			
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes			
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0			

amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment ainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030		
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023	
Year Property was Built:	1950	
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes	

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	13,199	0	0	0	0	0	13,199
	65,995	0	0	0	0	0	65,995
100	131,990	0	0	0	0	0	131,990

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	13,199	590
50	65,995	933
100	131,990	1,320
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	211,184	2,843

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
50	23,758	0	0	0	0	0	23,758
	47,516	0	0	0	0	0	47,516

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
50	23,758	336
100	47,516	475
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	71,274	811

Standard Benefits - Ecosystem Services Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron,	South Carolina, 29030
Total Project Area (acres):	34
Percentage of Urban Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Rural Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Riparian:	50.00%
Percentage of Coastal Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Inland Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Forests:	0.00%
Percentage of Coral Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Shellfish Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Beaches and Dunes:	0.00%
Expected Annual Ecosystem Services Benefits:	\$632,383

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Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

Additional Benefits - Social Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Ca	neron, South Carolina, 29030
Number of Workers:	13
Expected Annual Social Benefits:	\$177,086

Comments

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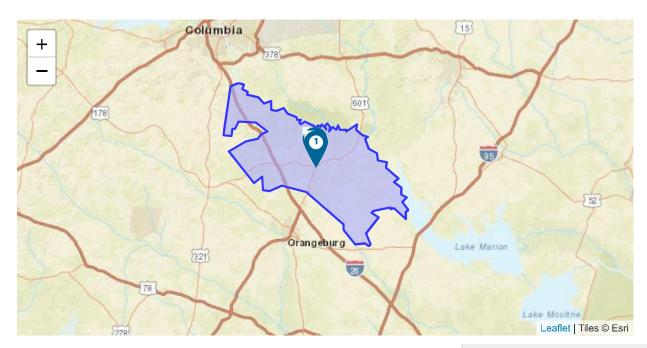
Number of Residents:

Determined by the number of parcel with residential structures impacted by the project improvements. Assumed 2 people per household with 1 person working.

Benefits-Costs Summary Drainage Improvement @ 302 First St, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030					
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$8,755,400				
Total Social Benefits:	\$177,086				
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$8,932,486				
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0				
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0				
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0				

Benefit-Cost Analysis

Project Name: Project 2 (Belleville-F R Huff-Harry C Raysor) - ALT 2



				Using	7% Discount Rat	e		ng 3% Discount R r BRIC and FMA o	
Map Marker	Mitigation Title	Property Type	Hazard	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)
1	Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina	À	DFA - Infrastructure Failure	\$ 143,611	\$ 523,801	0.27	\$ 267,744	S 535,730	0.50
2	Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	44	DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 4,261,041	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 7,944,178	S 0	0.00
3	Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 4,915,750	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 8,187,516	\$ 0	0.00
TOTAL (S	SELECTED)			\$ 9,320,402	\$ 523,801	17.79	\$ 16,399,438	S 535,730	30.61
TOTAL				\$ 9,320,402	\$ 523,801	17.79	\$ 16,399,438	S 535,730	30.61

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.6640500000003, -80.7779899999999
Hazard Type:	Infrastructure Failure
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Roads & Bridges
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Car	lina
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$510,000
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$1,000

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damage Freq Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina	quency Assessment
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023
Year Property was Built:	1950
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default: ^v es

l Bridges Properties wn of Saint Matthews, South Carolina	
Estimated Number of One-Way Traffic Detour Trips per Day:	1,500
Additional Time per One-Way Detour Trip (minutes):	8.3
Number of Additional Miles:	5.5
Federal Rate (\$):	0.655 Use Default:Yes
Economic Loss Per Day of Loss of Function (\$):	13,182.92

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Number of Trips:

Determined from SCDOT traffic data and the SCDOT Roadway Information System

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Time per Trip:

Assumed/calculated using detour time and posted speed limits

•

Number of Miles:

Difference in distance of standard traffic route and detour route from a given point to another given point

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	0	0	0	0	0	13,183
25	3	0	0	0	0	0	39,549
50	5	0	0	0	0	0	65,915
100		510,000	0	0	0	0	602,280

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Assumed the loss of function as well as complete infrastructure failure and cost to implement the proposed project in the 100-year event.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	13,183	1,370
25	39,549	1,021
50	65,915	1,992
100	602,280	6,023
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	720,927	10,406

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

•

Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce road flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Other @ Town of Saint Matthews, South Carolina		
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$143,611	
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$143,611	
otal Mitigation Project Cost:	\$523,801	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0.27	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0.27	

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.67452898233874, -80.78188803083351
Hazard Type:	Riverine Flood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Non-Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Project Useful Life (years):	50	
Project Cost:	\$0	
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default: Yes	
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0	

	amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment rainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023	
Year Property was Built:	1950	
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default: ^v es	

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation
Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	17,119	0	0	0	0	0	17,119
50	85,595	0	0	0	0	0	85,595
100	171,190	0	0	0	0	0	171,190

Comments

Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	17,119	766
50	85,595	1,210
100	171,190	1,712
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	273,904	3,688
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Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
50	30,814	0	0	0	0	0	30,814
100	61,628	0	0	0	0		61,628

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 2831 Old Belleville Rd, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
30,814	436
61,628	616
Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
92,442	1,052
	30,814 61,628 Sum Damages and Losses (\$)

Total Project Area (acres):	16
Percentage of Urban Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Rural Green Open Space:	40.00%
Percentage of Riparian:	40.00%
Percentage of Coastal Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Inland Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Forests:	0.00%
Percentage of Coral Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Shellfish Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Beaches and Dunes:	0.00%
Expected Annual Ecosystem Services Benefits:	\$306,118

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Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

51,041

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.67364200934472, -80.7806930228978
Hazard Type:	Riverine F l ood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Project Useful Life (years):	50	
Project Cost:	\$0	
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes	
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0	

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment rainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023	
Year Property was Built:	1950	
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default: ^v es	

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER	OPTIONAL DAMAGES			VOLUNTE	TOTAL	
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	12,169	0	0	0	0	0	12,169
50	60,845	0	0	0	0	0	60,845
100	121,690	0	0	0	0	0	121,690

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
0	0
12,169	544
60,845	860
121,690	1,217
Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
194,704	2,621
	0 12,169 60,845 121,690 Sum Damages and Losses (\$)

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER	OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTI	TOTAL		
Recurrence Interval (y	years) Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Standard Benefits - Ecosystem Services Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135 30 Total Project Area (acres): Percentage of Urban Green Open Space: 0.00% Percentage of Rural Green Open Space: 25.00% Percentage of Riparian: 15.00% Percentage of Coastal Wetlands: 0.00% Percentage of Inland Wetlands: 10.00% Percentage of Forests: 0.00% Percentage of Coral Reefs: 0.00% Percentage of Shellfish Reefs: 0.00% Percentage of Beaches and Dunes: 0.00% **Expected Annual Ecosystem Services Benefits:** \$271,649

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Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

Additional Benefits - Social Drainage Improvement @ 125 Lakeview St, :	Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Number of Workers:	83
Expected Annual Social Benefits:	\$1,130,626

Comments

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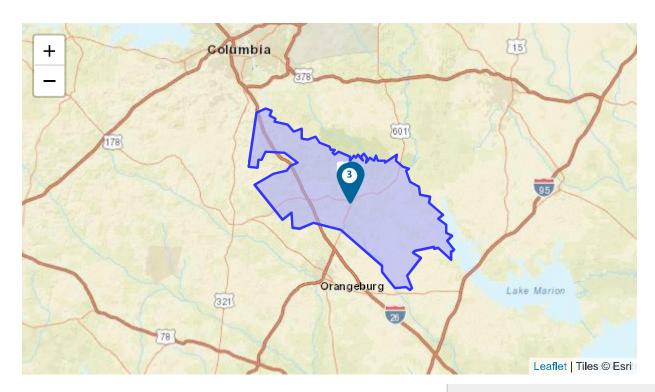
Number of Residents:

Determined by the number of parcel with residential structures impacted by the project improvements. Assumed 2 people per household with 1 person working.

Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$3,785,124	
Total Social Benefits:	\$1,130,626	
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$4,915,750	
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0	

Benefit-Cost Analysis

Project Name: Project 3 (Magnolia-Mill-F R Huff-Harry C Raysor) - ALT 1 & 3



				Using 7% Discount Rate			Using 3% Discount Rate (For BRIC and FMA only)		
Map Marker	Mitigation Title	Property Type	Hazard	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)
1	Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina	À	DFA - Infrastructure Failure	\$ 235,662	\$ 1,596,301	0.15	\$ 439,361	\$ 1,620,160	0.27
2	Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	k	DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 278,326	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 518,904	\$ 0	0.00
3	Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 4,592,201	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 8,208,348	\$ 0	0.00
TOTAL (S	SELECTED)			\$ 5,106,189	\$ 1,596,301	3.20	\$ 9,166,613	\$ 1,620,160	5.66
TOTAL				\$ 5,106,189	\$ 1,596,301	3.20	\$ 9,166,613	\$ 1,620,160	5.66

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.66421000000026, -80.7769099999999
Hazard Type:	Infrastructure Failure
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Roads & Bridges
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina	
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$1,568,700
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$2,000

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damaç Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina	amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment ther @ St Matthews, South Carolina								
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023								
Year Property was Built:	1950								
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes								

ads and Bridges Properties ner @ St Matthews, South Carolina	
Estimated Number of One-Way Traffic Detour Trips per Day:	700
Additional Time per One-Way Detour Trip (minutes):	2
Number of Additional Miles:	1.1
Federal Rate (\$):	0.655 Use Default:Yes
Economic Loss Per Day of Loss of Function (\$):	1,379.12

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Number of Trips:

Determined from SCDOT traffic data and the SCDOT Roadway Information System

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Time per Trip:

Assumed/calculated using detour time and posted speed limits

•

Number of Miles:

Difference in distance of standard traffic route and detour route from a given point to another given point

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES	OPTIONAL DAMAGES			VOLUNTE	TOTAL	
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	0	0	0	0	0	1,379
25	3	0	0	0	0	0	4,137
50	5	0	0	0	0	0	6,896
100	7	1,568,700	0	0	0	0	1,578,354

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Assumed the loss of function as well as complete infrastructure failure and cost to implement the proposed project in the 100-year event.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	1,379	143
	4 ,137	107
	6,896	1,043
100	1,578,354	15,783
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	1,590,766	17,076

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina

Recurrence Interval (years) Impact (days) Category 1 (\$)	C-1 2 (f)	m : m /h			
	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0 0	0	0	0	0	0

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Benefits-Costs Summary Other @ St Matthews, South Carolina		
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$235,662	
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$235,662	•••••
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$1,596,301	•••••
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0.15	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0.15	

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.66312598980177, -80.78065102956288
Hazard Type:	Riverine Flood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Non-Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Project Useful Life (years):	50	
Project Cost:	\$0	
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes	
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0	

	image Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment ainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023		
Year Property was Built:	1970		
Analysis Duration:	54 Use Default:Yes		

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	369	0	0	0	0	0	369
	1,845	0	0	0	0	0	1,845
100	3,690	0	0	0	0	0	3,690

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	369	17
50	1,845	26
100	3,690	37
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	5,904	80

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Standard Benefits - Ecosystem Services Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Total Project Area (acres):	5.4	
Percentage of Urban Green Open Space:	0.00%	
Percentage of Rural Green Open Space:	0.00%	
Percentage of Riparian:	10.00%	
Percentage of Coastal Wetlands:	0.00%	
Percentage of Inland Wetlands:	0.00%	
Percentage of Forests:	0.00%	
Percentage of Coral Reefs:	0.00%	
Percentage of Shellfish Reefs:	0.00%	
Percentage of Beaches and Dunes:	0.00%	
Expected Annual Ecosystem Services Benefits:	\$20,087	

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Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

Benefits-Costs Summary Drainage Improvement @ 201 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$278,326
Total Social Benefits:	\$0
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$278,326
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Property Location:	29135, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.66355200003066, -80.78237703106477
Hazard Type:	Riverine Flood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135		
Project Useful Life (years):	50	
Project Cost:	\$0	
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes	
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0	

	amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment rainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023	
Year Property was Built:	1950	
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes	

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	19,468	0	0	0	0	0	19,468
50	97,340	0	0	0	0		97,340
100	194,680	0	0	0	0	0	194,680

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	19,468	871
50	97,340	1,377
100	194,680	1,947
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	311,488	4,195

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Total Project Area (acres):	25
Percentage of Urban Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Rural Green Open Space:	25.00%
Percentage of Riparian:	25.00%
Percentage of Coastal Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Inland Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Forests:	0.00%
Percentage of Coral Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Shellfish Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Beaches and Dunes:	0.00%

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Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

Additional Benefits - Social Drainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Sai	nt Matthews, South Carolina, 29135
Number of Workers:	30
Expected Annual Social Benefits:	\$408,660

Comments

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Number of Residents:

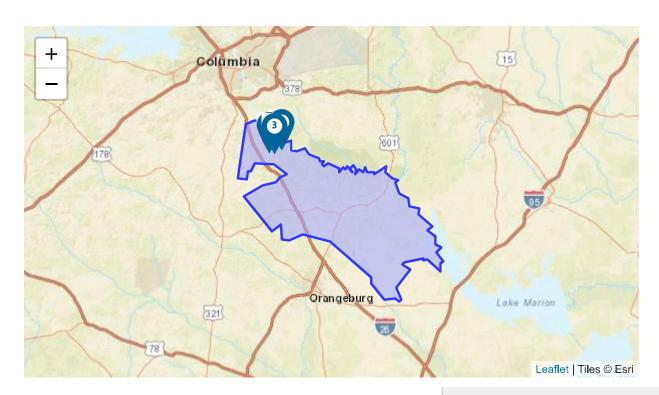
Determined by the number of parcel with residential structures impacted by the project improvements. Assumed 2 people per household with 1 person working.

Benefits-Costs Summary Orainage Improvement @ 211 Mill St, Saint Matthews, South Carolina, 29135	
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$4,183,541
Total Social Benefits:	\$408,660
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$4,592,201
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0



Benefit-Cost Analysis

Project Name: Project 4 (Sandy Run - Old Swamp Road) - ALT 2



				Using	7% Discount Rate	e		ng 3% Discount I BRIC and FMA o	
Map Marker	Mitigation Title	Property Type	Hazard	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)
1	Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina	Â	DFA - Infrastructure Failure	\$ 124,441	\$ 745,301	0.17	\$ 232,005	\$ 757,230	0.31
2	Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160		DFA - Severe Storm	\$ 574,249	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 1,070,615	\$ 0	0.00
3	Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160	☆	DFA - Riverine Flood	\$ 13,482,923	\$ O	0.00	\$ 24,842,860	\$ O	0.00
TOTAL (S	ELECTED)			\$ 14,181,613	\$ 745,301	19.03	\$ 26,145,480	\$ 757,230	34.53
TOTAL				\$ 14,181,613	\$ 745,301	19.03	\$ 26,145,480	\$ 757,230	34.53

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina
Property Location:	29053, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.8046400000006, -80.9715099999997
Hazard Type:	Infrastructure Failure
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Roads & Bridges
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina	
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$731,500
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$1,000

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damag Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina	mage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment er @ Sandy Run, South Carolina				
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023				
Year Property was Built:	1950				
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes				

ads and Bridges Properties ner @ Sandy Run, South Carolina	
Estimated Number of One-Way Traffic Detour Trips per Day:	200
Additional Time per One-Way Detour Trip (minutes):	9.1
Number of Additional Miles:	5
Federal Rate (\$):	0.655 Use Default:Yes
Economic Loss Per Day of Loss of Function (\$):	1,792.2

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Number of Trips:

Determined from SCDOT traffic data and the SCDOT Roadway Information System

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Time per Trip:

Assumed/calculated using detour time and posted speed limits

•

Number of Miles:

Difference in distance of standard traffic route and detour route from a given point to another given point

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	0	0	0	0	0	1,792
25	3	0	0	0	0	0	5,377
50	5	0	0	0	0	0	8,961
100	30	731,500	0	0	0	0	785,266

Comments

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:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Assumed the loss of function as well as complete infrastructure failure and cost to implement the proposed project in the 100-year event.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	1,792	186
25	5,377	139
50	8,961	839
100	785,266	7,853
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	801,396	9,017

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTI	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Benefits-Costs Summary Other @ Sandy Run, South Carolina		
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$124,441	
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	•••••
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$124,441	•••••
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$745,301	***************************************
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0.17	***************************************
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0.17	•••••

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160
Property Location:	29160, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.81105899522596, -80.94006099781956
Hazard Type:	Severe Storm
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Critical Facility Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160				
Project Useful Life (years):	50			
Project Cost:	\$0			
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes			
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0			

	Damage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160					
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023					
Year Property was Built:	1950					
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes					

Critical Facilities Properties Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea	ı, South Carolina, 29160	
Critical Facility Type:	Other	

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Service Budget List:

SCDE current (2023) budget allocation for Calhoun County Public Schools is \$6,802,150 Assumed 1/3 of the budget goes to Sandy Run K-8. Assumed average staff salary is \$55,000 and there are 48 staff members.

Critical Facilities - Other Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Service Name	Annual Operating Budget (\$)
Sandy Run K-8	4,907,716

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	120,548	0	0	0	0	133,994
25	3	361,644	0	0	0	0	401,981
50	5	602,740	0	0	0		669,969
100	7	843,836	0	0	0	0	937,957

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed cost for school to be closed for one day is equal to the daily pay for one guardian who has to stay home with a student. Assumed average adult salary in Sandy Run is \$80,000 and there are 550 students at the school. \$219/day/student.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

10 133,994 13,925 25 401,981 10,379 50 669,969 7,927 100 937,957 9,379 Sum Damages and Losses (\$) Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
25 401,981 10,379 50 669,969 7,927 100 937,957 9,379 Sum Damages and Losses (\$) Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)	10	133,994	13,925
50 669,969 7,927 100 937,957 9,379 Sum Damages and Losses (\$) Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)	25	401,981	10,379
100 937,957 9,379 Sum Damages and Losses (\$) Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)	50	669,969	' '
Sum Damages and Losses (\$) Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)	100	937,957	
		Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
2,143,901 41,610		2,143,901	41,610

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L	l	L	L	L	L	L

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Project is expected to provide 100-year LOS

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ 450 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

otal Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$574,249	
otal Social Benefits:	\$0	
otal Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$574,249	
otal Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0	
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0	

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160
Property Location:	29160, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.80190101163551, -80.95849799968232
Hazard Type:	Riverine Flood
Mitigation Action Type:	Drainage Improvement
Property Type:	Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp	Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$0
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0

	amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment ainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160					
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023					
Year Property was Built:	1950					
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes					

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	EER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
	L	i	L	L	L	L	L

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation
Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

	OTHER	OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	TOTAL		
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Annualized Damages After Mitigation

Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	0	0

Standard Benefits - Ecosystem Services Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Total Project Area (acres):	64
Percentage of Urban Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Rural Green Open Space:	0.00%
Percentage of Riparian:	40.00%
Percentage of Coastal Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Inland Wetlands:	0.00%
Percentage of Forests:	0.00%
Percentage of Coral Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Shellfish Reefs:	0.00%
Percentage of Beaches and Dunes:	0.00%
Expected Annual Ecosystem Services Benefits:	\$952,294

Comments

Total Project Area:

Project area determined from parcels that will likely benefit from close proximity to improvements.

Additional Benefits - Social

Drainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160

Number of Workers: 25

Expected Annual Social Benefits: \$340,550

.

Number of Residents:

Determined by the number of parcel with residential structures impacted by the project improvements. Assumed 2 people per household with 1 person working. Primarily properties located along Old Swamp Road that will be impacted by a road failure.

Benefits-Costs Summary Orainage Improvement @ 88 Old Swamp Rd, Swansea, South Carolina, 29160				
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$13,142,373			
Total Social Benefits:	\$340,550			
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$13,482,923			
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0			
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0			
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0			

Benefit-Cost Analysis

Project Name: Project 9 (Cameron Closed System) - ALT 2



				Using 7% Discount Rate		Using 3% Discount Rate (For BRIC and FMA only)			
Map Marker	Mitigation Title	Property Type	Hazard	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)	Benefits (B)	Costs (C)	BCR (B/C)
	Other @ Town of		DFA -						
1	Cameron, South	A	Infrastructure	\$ 1,522,319	\$ 1,093,401	1.39	\$ 2,838,173	\$ 1,117,260	2.54
	Carolina		Failure						
	Other @ 8122 Old								
2	State Rd,		DFA - Severe	¢ 250.010	<i>t</i> 0	0.00	£ 402.536	<i>t</i> 0	0.00
2	Cameron, South	•••	Storm	\$ 258,819	\$ 0	0.00	\$ 482,536	\$ 0	0.00
	Carolina, 29030								
TOTAL (S	ELECTED)			\$ 1,781,138	\$ 1,093,401	1.63	\$ 3,320,709	\$ 1,117,260	2.97
TOTAL				\$ 1,781,138	\$ 1,093,401	1.63	\$ 3,320,709	\$ 1,117,260	2.97

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina
Property Location:	29030, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.55795000000006, -80.7150299999996
Hazard Type:	Infrastructure Failure
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Roads & Bridges
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolin	а
Project Useful Life (years):	50
Project Cost:	\$1,065,800
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$2,000

Damage Analysis Parameters - Damag Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina	nmage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment her @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina				
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023				
Year Property was Built:	1950				
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes				

Roads and Bridges Properties Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina	
Estimated Number of One-Way Traffic Detour Trips per Day:	1,800
Additional Time per One-Way Detour Trip (minutes):	8.6
Number of Additional Miles:	3
Federal Rate (\$):	0.655 Use Default:Yes
Economic Loss Per Day of Loss of Function (\$):	13,209.42

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Number of Trips:

Determined from SCDOT traffic data and the SCDOT Roadway Information System

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Time per Trip:

Assumed/calculated using detour time and posted speed limits

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Number of Miles:

Difference in distance of standard traffic route and detour route from a given point to another given point

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES	OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTEER COSTS		TOTAL	
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	1	1,065,800	0	0	0	0	1,079,009
25	3	1,065,800	0	0	0	0	1,105,428
50	5	1,065,800	0	0	0	0	1,131,847
100	7	1,065,800	0	0	0	0	1,158,266

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Due to the system being surcharged in the 10-year event, loss of function was assumed as well as complete infrastructure failure and cost to implement the proposed project in all storm events.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	1,079,009	65,528
25	1,105,428	22,371
50	1,131,847	11,450
100	1,158,266	11,583
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	4,474,551	110,932
	i	

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

	ROADS AND BRIDGES		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Impact (days)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
50	1	0	0	0	0	0	13,209
100	3	0	0	0	0	0	39,628

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed loss of function/road access based on storm event. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce road flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
50	13,209	229
100	39,628	396
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	52,838	625

Benefits-Costs Summary Other @ Town of Cameron, South Carolina		
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$1,522,319	
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	•••••
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$1,522,319	**********
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$1,093,401	•••••
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	1.39	***********
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	1.39	•••••

Property Configuration	
Property Title:	Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030
Property Location:	29030, Calhoun, South Carolina
Property Coordinates:	33.56022501064474, -80.71199703994766
Hazard Type:	Severe Storm
Mitigation Action Type:	Other
Property Type:	Residential Building
Analysis Method Type:	Professional Expected Damages

Cost Estimation Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030				
Project Useful Life (years):	50			
Project Cost:	\$0			
Number of Maintenance Years:	50 Use Default:Yes			
Annual Maintenance Cost:	\$0			

amage Analysis Parameters - Damage Frequency Assessment ther @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030					
Year of Analysis was Conducted:	2023				
Year Property was Built:	1950				
Analysis Duration:	74 Use Default:Yes				

Professional Expected Damages Before Mitigation Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	217,440	0	0	0	0	0	217,440
	543,600	0	0	0	0		543,600
	1,087,200	0	0	0	0	0	1,087,200

Comments

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Damages Before Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties.

Annualized Damages Before Mitigation Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	217,440	6,876
	543,600	7,688
100	1,087,200	10,872
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	1,848,240	25,436

Professional Expected Damages After Mitigation Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

	OTHER		OPTIONAL DAMAGES		VOLUNTE	ER COSTS	TOTAL
Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages (\$)	Category 1 (\$)	Category 2 (\$)	Category 3 (\$)	Number of Volunteers	Number of Days	Damages (\$)
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	195,696	0	0	0	0		195,696
100	391,392	0	0	0	0		391,392

Comments

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Damages After Mitigation:

Assumed damages based on percentage of property flooded in different events and combined property value/sqft for impacted properties. Project is expected to provide 25-year LOS and reduce flooding in larger events.

Annualized Damages After Mitigation Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030

Annualized Recurrence Interval (years)	Damages and Losses (\$)	Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
10	0	0
25	0	0
50	195,696	2,768
100	391,392	3,914
	Sum Damages and Losses (\$)	Sum Annualized Damages and Losses (\$)
	587,088	6,682

Benefits-Costs Summary Other @ 8122 Old State Rd, Cameron, South Carolina, 29030				
Total Standard Mitigation Benefits:	\$258,819			
Total Social Benefits:	\$0	•••••		
Total Mitigation Project Benefits:	\$258,819	•••••		
Total Mitigation Project Cost:	\$0	•••••		
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard:	0	•••••		
Benefit Cost Ratio - Standard + Social:	0	***********		

APPENDIX FEXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY



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LEGEND AND ABBREMATIONS:

CALHOUN COUNTY WATER STUDY SURVEY

VERTICAL DATUM-GEODI 18, NAVD 88, INTERNATIONAL FEET, BASED UFON CANSS STATIC OBSERVATIONS PERFORMED JUNE AND JULY 2023, UTILIZING TRIMBLE R-10 GPG

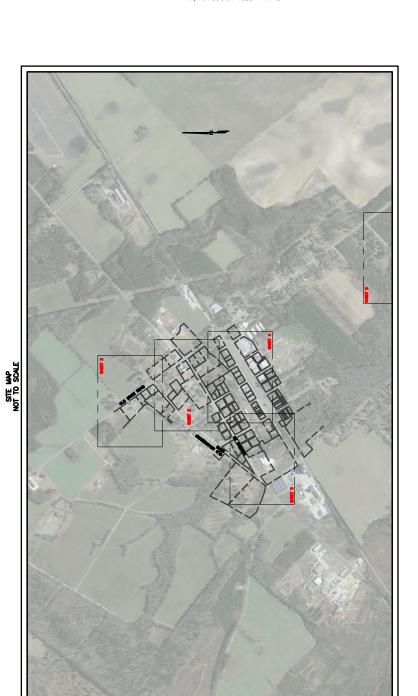
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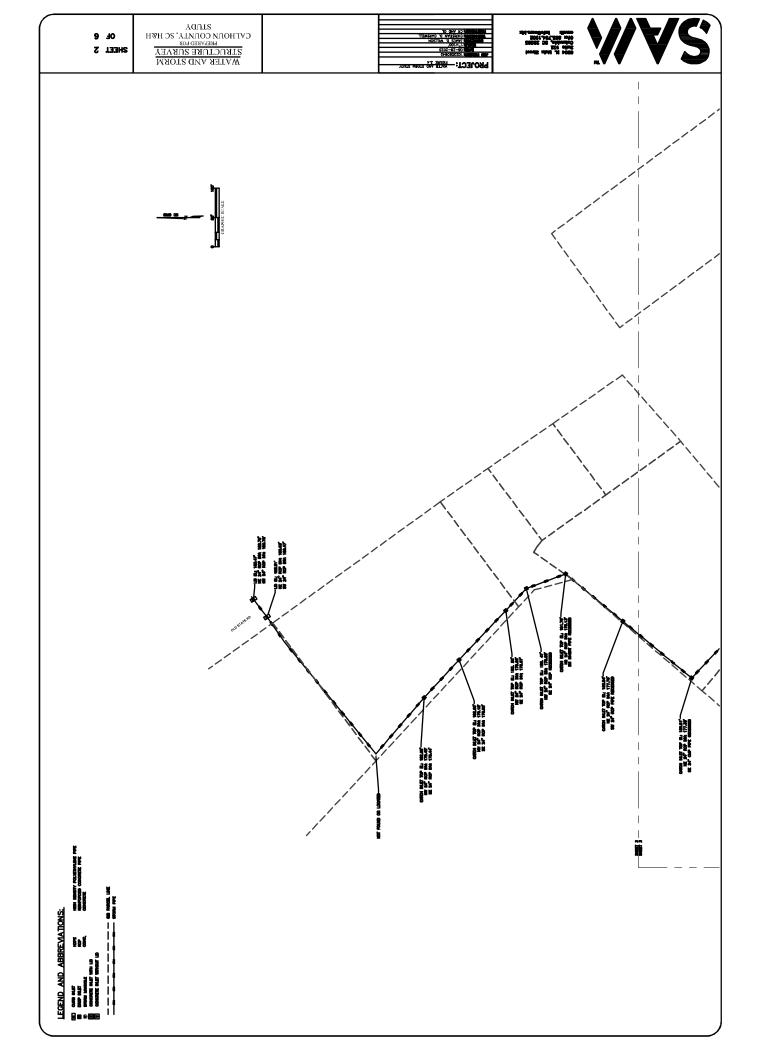
1 TITLE PAGE AND SURVEY NOTES
2-5 DETAIL SHEETS

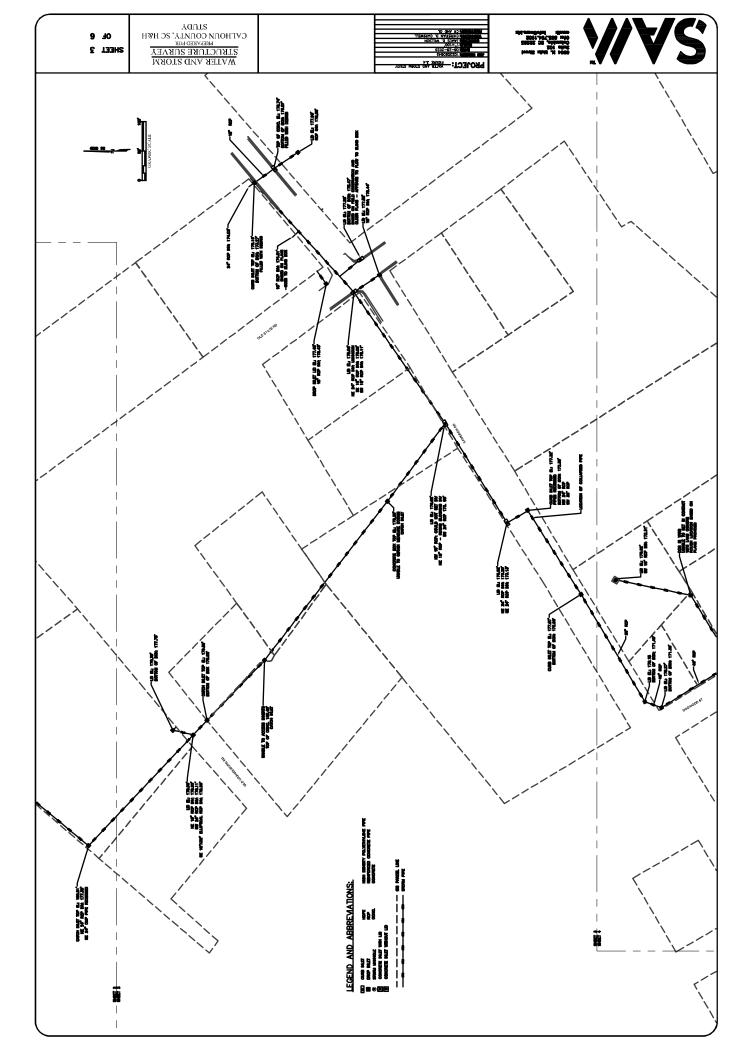


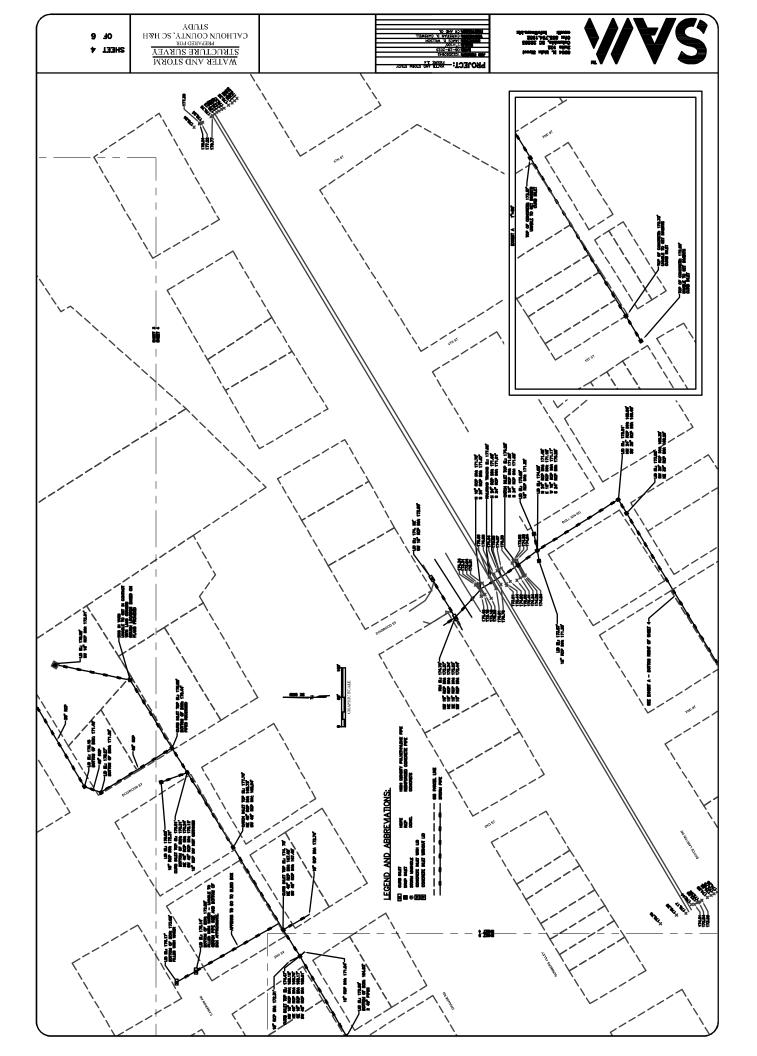


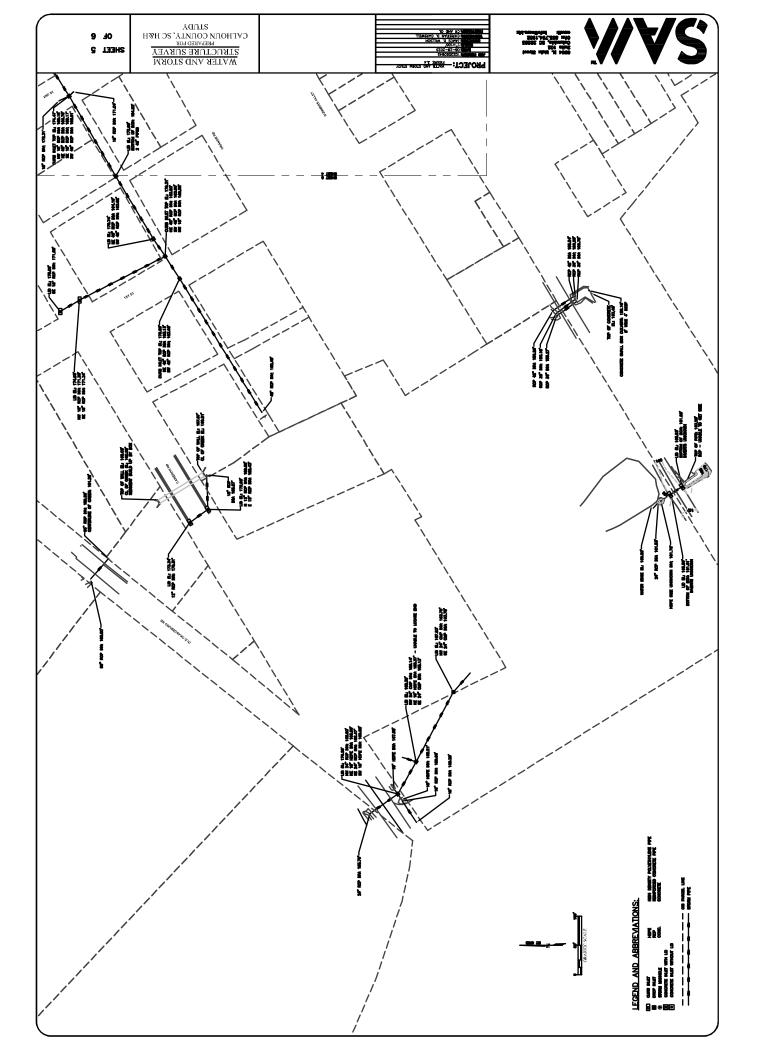












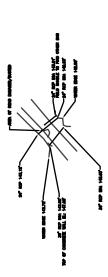
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SHEET 1

STUDY
STRUCTURE SURVEY
STRUCTURE SURVEY
WATER AND STORM







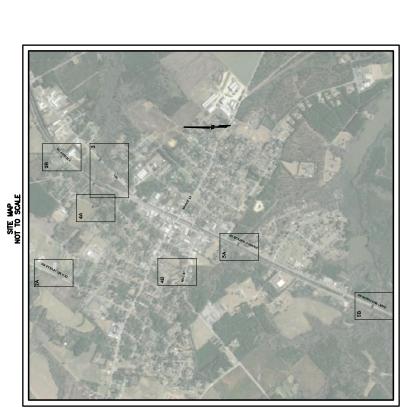




- SURVEY NOTES

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CALHOUN COUNTY WATER STUDY SURVEY

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CORONINATE SYSTEM BY ORGANISTED SHOWS AND DISSEMANTIANS OF SELECTED
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STEEDINGS STATUDIAN INGS CASSINETHYSIN. VERTICAL DATUM - CECID 18, NAVD 88, NITERNATIONAL FEET, BASED UPON GAISS STATIC OBSERVATIONS PERFORMED JUNE AND JULY 2023, UTILIANS TRIMBLE R-10 GPS

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2.8 DETAIL SHEETS

SURVEY DATA

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STRUCTURE SURVEY
STRUCTURE SURVEY
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